MODULE HANDBOOK



NDONESIA JAYA

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SOIL SCIENCE STUDY PROGRAM FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE SRIWIJAYA UNIVERSITY



0	Mathematics
Code	PER 11516
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	1 st semester/1 st year
Person responsible for the module	Dr Ir Herlina Hanum, MSi and Mathematic Team Teaching
Language	Indonesian
Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	6 hours and 20 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for Contact Study; 160 Minutes for practicum, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
learning outcomes	 Explain the concept of the real number system; solving operations on real numbers. Distinguish between rational and irrational numbers; Understand and apply field characterisitic Explain the concept of inequality; Finding the solution to a simple inequality, absolute value, square root and square Draw quadrilateral coordinates and the given points Determine the point of intersection of the curve on the coordinate axis; Drawing equation graph Able to determine function value; Drawing function; Completing operations on functions Understand and solve trigonometric function problems Define Understanding the concept and limit theorem ; Determining the continuity of the function Understand the meaning of derivative; Understand the relationship between limits and derivatives ; Determine the derivative of sinus and cosinus Understand the concept of the chain rule; Solving the derivative of the composition function; Write down the derivative of the composition function; Write



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	Determine the integral function of the composition
	Determine the integral function of the composition
	14. Form a matrix with a certain ordo; Performing
	operations on matrices
	15. Form a system of linear equations from the given case
Content	1. Real numeral system; Rational and irrational numbers;
	Operations on real numbers; Characteristif of Field
	2. Inequality ; Absolute value; square root; square
	3. Quadrilateral coordinate system, point distance, straight
	line, slope of line
	4. The point of intersection of the curve; Draw an equation graph
	5. Definition of function; Drawing function; Sum operation
	and multiplication, Composition of functions and
	trigonometric functions
	6. Definition of limit; limit theorem; Continuity of function
	7. Definition of derivative through limit; derivate search
	rules; derivate sinus dan cosinus
	8. Leibniz Writing chain rule; High-level derivative
	9. Maximum-minimum function; monotony; Concavity
	10. Integral concept; Integral determination rule
	11. Integral of composition function (Replacement method
	12. Area of flat area
	13. Ordo matrix ; Transpose, sumation, multiplication;
	Determinant ; ajoin, dan kofactor Invers matrix
	14. System linear Of equations ; Form matrix from System
	linear of equations ; Solution System linear Of
	equations ; Notation sigma
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
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Reading list	1.



	Module Designation	Agricultural Chemistry
	Code	PAG 11115
IVI	Semester (s) in which the	1 st semester/1 st year
	Rorson rosponsible for the	Prof Dr. Ir. Pujito Agus Suwignyo, M. Agr
0	module	Dr. Susilawati S. P. M.Sc.
Ŭ	module	Dr. Jr. Munandar, M.Agr
		Dr. Ir. Many Hasmada, M. Sc
		DI. II. Wely Hashleud, W. Sc.
U		Fill'a Gustiar, S.P., M.Si.
		Dr. Irmawati, S.P., M. Si., M. Sc
		Dr. Fikri Adriansyan, S. Si.
U	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching Methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
	Workload (incl. Contact	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
	hours,	100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory
	self-study hours)	practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
F		and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
	module	
	Module objectives/intended	Attitude
	learning outcomes	1. CP-STN8: Capable of internalizing academic values,
		norms and ethics
Α		Knowledge
		1. CP-KIP1: Mastering the theoretical concepts and being
		able to develop science and technology for the
Ν		cultivation of food crops, plantations and horticulture
		based on local wisdom and resources
		General Skill
D		1. CP-KBP1: Capable of applying logical, critical,
		systematic, and innovative thinking in the context of
		the development or implementation of science and
R		technology that pays attention to and applies
D		humanities values in accordance with their field of
		expertise
0	Content	1. Introduction of agrochemical.
U		2. Atomic structure and electron configuration.
		3. Chemical bond
		4 Nutrients and types of fertilizers
0		5 Structure and function of water
		6 Organic chemistry: nomenclature of organic
		o. Orbanic chemistry. nomenciatare or organic







			compounds & functional groups.
		7.	Acid, alkaline and salt.
IVI		8.	pH, solution and indicator.
		9.	Structure and function of lipid and lipid acids.
		10.	Structure and function of carbohydrate and protein.
0		11.	Concentration, ppm, %, molar concept, molarity,
			normality.
		12.	Hydroponic nutrient solution media and tissue
D			culture.
		13.	Soil, nutrients and fertilization.
		14.	Pesticides and applications.
11	Examination forms	1.	Essays questions
		2.	Pratical works
		3.	Writing Case Paper
		4.	Oral presentation
•	Reading list	1.	Mido Y. and M. Satake. 1994. Chemistry for Agriculture
			and Ecology. Discovery Publishing House.
-		2.	Timberlake, K.C. and W. Timberlake. 2014. Basic
E			Chemistry. Pearson Education.
		3.	Roberts, T.R. 2000. Metabolism of Agrochemicals in
			Plants. John Willey and Sons.
		4.	Mansyur, N.I., E.H. Pudjiwati, A. Murtilaksono. 2021.
н			Pupuk dan Pemupukan. Syiah Kuala University Press.
		5.	Anac, D., Matin-Prevel, P. 1999. Improved Crop Quality
			by Nutrient Management. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
A		6.	Michael, F, Waxman. 1998. Agrochemical and Pesticide
			Safety Handbook. CRC Press.
		7.	Fageria, N.K. 2014. Nitrogen Management in Crop
Ν			Production CRC Press.
		8.	Knowles, D.A. 1998. Chemistry and Technology of
			Agrochemical Formulations. Springer Dordrecht.
D		9.	Prasad, M.N.V. 2020. Agrochemicals Detection,
			Treatment and Remediation. Elsevier.
		10.	Plimmer, J.R., Gammon, D., Nancy, N., Ragsdale. 2002.
R			Encyclopedia of Agrochemicals. Wiley Online Library.
		11.	Cremlyn, R.J.W. 1991. Agrochemicals: Preparation and
			Mode of Action. Wiley; 2nd edition.
		12.	Goodwin., Mercer. 1988. Introduction to Plant
U			Biochemistry. Pergamon Press.
		13.	Prasad, M.N.V., Strzalka, K. 2002. Physioloy and
			Biochemistry of Metal Toxicity and Tolerance in Plants.
U			Kluwer Academic Publishers.
		14.	Khan, N.A. 2006. Ethylene Action in Plants. Springer.
	Date of last amendment	30 J	une 2021



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	Module Designation	Botany
	Code	PER 12116
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	1 st semester/1 st year
	Person responsible for	Dr. Susilawati, S.P., M.Sc.
0	the module	Dr. Ir. Maria Fitriana, M. Sc.
		Dr. Ir. Marlina, M. Si.
		Ir. Teguh Achadi, M. P.
D		Dr. Fikri Adriansyah, S. Si.
	Language	Indonesian
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning, Project based
U		Learning
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	workload (Incl. Contact	8 nours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
L	nours, sen-study nours)	practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and
		120 minutes for self-study per week
_	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
E	Required and	-
	recommended	
	prerequisite for joining	
	the module	
	Module	1. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining cell
	objectives/intended	definition, developmental history and cell theory.
Λ	learning outcomes	2. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining cell
		structure, organelles, and their functions.
		3. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
N		mitosis and reproduction of plant cells.
		4. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		relationships between cells and tissues
D		5 Canable of understanding describing and explaining
		functions of plant organs: loaves, stoms, and roots
		Concelle of understanding describing and overlaining
B		6. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		formation, flower type and seed development.
		7. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
0		history and principles of plant classification.
		8. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		determination/identification and naming of plants.
0		9. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining flower
		organs and its functions.

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	10. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining fruit
	organs and its functions.
	11. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	taxonomy and plant systematics.
	12. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining plant
	nomenclature plant identification and plant description
Contont	1 Introduction Definition history and theory of colls
content	2 Structure cell organela and function of plant cells
	3. Cell reproduction.
	4. Relationships between cells and tissues.
	5. Tissue according to the number of constituent cells, level of
	development and function.
	6. Anatomy, morphology and function of leaves, stems.
	7. Anatomy, morphology and function of roots.
	8. Flower organ.
	9. Fruit organ.
	10. Taxonomy and plant systematics.
	11. Plant nomenclature.
	12. Plant identification.
Eveningtion former	13.Plant description.
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Platical Works 3. Writing Case Paper
	4 Oral presentation
Reading list	1. Elpel, T.J. 2013. Botany in a Day: The Patterns Method of
	Plant Identification. HOPS Press.
	2. Mauseth, J.D. 1991. Botany: An Introduction to Plant Biology.
	Jones & Bartlett Learning.
	3. Pollan, M. 2001. The Botany of Desire: A Plant's-Eye View of
	the World. Random House Trade Paperbacks.
	4. Hodge, G. 2013. Practical Botany for Gardeners: Over 3,000
	Botanical Terms Explained and Explored. University of
	Chicago Press.
	5. Polian, M. 2001. The Botany of Desire: A Plant's-Eye View of
	6 Wohllohon B 2015 The Hidden Life of Trees What They
	Feel How They Communicate – Discoveries from a Secret
	World Grevstone Books
	7. Erskine, W., Muehlbauer, F.J., Sarker, A., Sharma, B. 2009.
	The Lentil Botany, Producction and Uses. Icarda.
	8. Heywood, V.H., Brummitt, R.K., Culham, A., Seberg, O. 1978.
	Flowering Plan Families of the World. Firefly Books.
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021





	Module Designation	Indonesian
	Code	UNI 10509
	Semester (s) in which the	1 st semester/1 st year
	module is taught	
0	Person responsible for the	Dr. Zahra A., M.Pd. dan Indonesia Language Team Teaching
	module	
	Language	Indonesian
)	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Type of teaching	Contextual Learning, Cooperative Learning, Case Based
		Learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended	
	prerequisite for joining the	
E	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Able to explain the birth of Indonesia
	learning outcomes	2. Be able to explain the position, function, and legal force
		of the Indonesian language
		3. Explain various academic texts; explain the
		Characteristics of academic texts
		4. Explain the structure of academic texts
4		5. Able to use proper spelling and punctuation in academic
		Exis 6 Able to Using effective contences in academic texts
		7 Understanding the escence of paragraphs: understand
N		and use paragraph elements: understand and use
		naragraph types
		8 Able to use quotes in writing
ר		9 Able to use hibliography in writing
		10. Understand the characteristics of an essay
		11. Explain the structure of essay writing
D		12. Able to write essays
D		13. Able to present the resulting essay writing
	Content	1. History of Indonesian Language Development
		2 The position function and legal force of the Indonesian
		2 Characteristics of academic toxts
		A Academic text structure
		5. Spelling and punctuation in academic texts
		6. The Nature of Effective Sentences: Characteristics of
	L	

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		Effective Sentences; Sentence Structure; Types of
		7. The Nature of Paragraphs; Paragraph Forming Elements;
VI		Types of Paragraphs; Requirements for a Good
		Paragraph; Techniques and Patterns of Paragraph
		Development
0		8. Systematics of writing quotes
		9. Systematics of writing a bibliography
		10. Characteristics of an essay
D		11. Essay writing structure
		12. Essay writing
		13. Presentation of the resulting essay writing
	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
U		2. Practical works
		3. Oral presentation
	Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



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Module Designation	Pancasila
Code	UNI 10509
Semester (s) in which the	1 st semester/1 st year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	Dr. Hudaidah, M.Pd and Pancasila Team Teaching
module	
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Type of teaching	Contextual Learning, Cooperative Learning, Case Based
	Learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Able to explain the concept and urgency of
learning outcomes	Pancasila education
	2. Able to explain the dynamics and challenges of
	Pancasila education
	3. Able to explain the concept and urgency of
	Pancasila in the current history of the indonesian
	4 Explaining the dynamics and challenges of
	4. Explaining the dynamics and chanenges of Pancasila in the Study of the History of the
	Indonesian Nation
	5 Able to explain the concept and urgency of
	Pancasila as the basis of the state
	6. Able to Explaining the dynamics and challenges of
	Pancasila as the basis of the state
	7. Able to explain the dynamics and challenges of
	Pancasila as the basis of the state
	8. Able to explain the concept and urgency of
	Pancasila as a state ideology
	9. Able to explain the dynamics and challenges of
	Pancasila as a state ideology
	10. Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as a
	philosophical system
	11. Explaining the dynamics and challenges of
	Pancasila as a philosophical system
	12. Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an
	ethical system

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	 13. Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasilaas an ethical system 14. Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila asthe basis for the value of developing science 15. Explaining the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as the basis for the value of science development
Content	 Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as a philosophical system Explaining the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as a philosophical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as the basis for the value of developing science Explaining the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as the basis for the value of developing science Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as a philosophical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as a philosophical system Explaining the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as a philosophical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the concept and urgency of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as an ethical system Explain the dynamics and challenges of Pancasila as an ethical system
Examination forms	1. Essays questions 2. Dratical works
	2. Pratical Works
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021

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Nodule Designation		
Code	UNI 10216	
Semester (s) in which the	1 st semester/1 st year	
module is taught		
Person responsible for the	DR. LR Retno Susanti, M. Hum dan Team Teaching	
module		
Language	Indonesian	
Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project	
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course	
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes	
hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic	
self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week	
Credit points	2 credits	
Required and recommended	-	
prerequisite for joining the		
module		
Module objectives/intended	1. Understand the important background, concepts,	
learning outcomes	goals, vision, mission and foundation of Civic	
	Education.	
	2. Able to describe the history of the formation of the	
	Indonesian nation; able to formulate the characteristics	
	of national identity; able to identify the factors causing	
	the fading of national identity	
	3. Able to describe concepts, urgency, the nature of	
	national integration and be able to identify the factors	
	forming national integration	
	4. Have the ability to explain the meaning of the elements	
	and goals of the State ; Definition, constitutional	
	function; Outlining the constitution of the State of	
	Indonesia; Explaining the amendment UUD 1945.	
	5. Able to understand the existing rules of the Indonesian	
	constitution	
	6. Able to explain the obligations and rights of citizens	
	7. Able to analyze the rights and obligations of citizens in	
	the life of society, nation and state	
	8. Able to explain the history of the growth and	
	development of democratic ideas/thoughts; Able to	
	analyze various influential variables in the	
	development of democracy ; Analyze the foundation of	
	democracy in Indonesia and describe the history of the	
	development of democracy in Indonesia	
	9. Able to explain basic concepts/definitions <i>Rule of Law</i>	
	and analyze problems Rule of law.	

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M O D U		 Able to explain the history of development HAM and describe various HAM as well as institutions HAM. Able to explain the concept of geopolitics as a national insight Describe the influence of regional and social aspects on existence and be able to analyze the problems of the archipelago's insight in facing the times Able to explain the concept of Indonesian Geostrategy in the form of national resilience Able to explain the background of the importance of national resilience in Pancasila and UUD 1945.
L	Content	1. Concept, Purpose, Vision, Mission and Background importance of Civid Education
E		 National Integration Netional Integration The State and Constitution of Indonesia The Constitution of Indonesia as a Nation-State Rights and obligations of citizens
н		 7. Indonesian Democracy 8. Law enforcement and HAM 9. Archipelago Insights/ Geopolitics. 10. Contratonic Indonesia (National Paciliance)
Α	Examination forms	10. Gestrategis Indonesia/ National Resilience 1. Essays questions 2. Pratical works 3. Oral presentation
Ν	Reading list	
	Date of last amendment	28 April 2021

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Module Designation	PER 11209 Introduction to Agricultural Science
Semester (s) in which the	1 rd semester/1 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Dedik Budianta, MS
module	2. Dr. Ir. A. Napoleon, MP
	3. Dr. Ir, Warsito, MS
	4. Dra. Dwi Probowati Sulistyani, MS
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted
hours, self-study hours)	of 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for
	structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self
	study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to explain why agriculture is very
learning outcomes	important.
	2. Students are able to explain the history and
	development of primitive to modern agriculture
	3. Students are able to describe the role of agricultur
	on the development of civilization
	4. Students are able to identify job opportunity in
	agricultural sector.
	5. Students are able to appreciate people who have
	contributed their knowledge and skill to agricultur
	6. Students are aware about current issues on climat
	change related to agriculture
	7. Students are aware about current issues on crisis of
	food and energy.
	8. Students are able to explain the important of plan
	and crop in agricultural production
	9. Students are able to explain the important of anim
	in agricultural production
	10. Student are aware of pest and disease as limiting
	factor in agriculture
	11. Students are able to describe the important of soil
	and water in agriculture
	12. Students are able to describe the important of plan
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13. Students are able to describe harvest and post-harvest handling to minimize yield losses. 14. Students are able to explain how biotechnology contribute significantly to agriculture Content (14 meetings) 1. Importance of agriculture for human being 2. History and development of agriculture in the world 3. Factors influencing crop production (Soil, water/irrigation, nutrient/fertilizer, pest control, seed) 4. Soil fertility influencing land for agriculture and land division in the world (wetland and dryland) 5. Irrigation system for agriculture 6. Nutrient cycling 7. Pest control succeeding crop yield 8. Quality seeds for agriculture 9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. Examination Examination forms 1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Photographs collection on agricultura bijects 1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16. 2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. 3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscalosa. 4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Pr		
Content (14 meetings) 1. Importance of agriculture for human being 2. History and development of agriculture in the world 3. Factors influencing crop production (Soil, water/irrigation, nutrient/fertilizer, pest control, seed) 4. Soil fertility influencing land for agriculture and land division in the world (wetland and dryland) 5. Irrigation system for agriculture 6. Nutrient cycling 7. Pest control succeeding crop yield 8. Quality seeds for agriculture 9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. Examination Examination forms 1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16. 2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. 3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. 4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. 5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska IH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. 6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium		 13. Students are able to describe harvest and post- harvest handling to minimize yield losses. 14. Students are able to explain how biotechnology contribute significantly to agriculture
A. Soil fertility influencing land for agriculture and land division in the world (wetland and dryland) 5. Irrigation system for agriculture 6. Nutrient cycling 7. Pest control succeeding crop yield 8. Quality seeds for agriculture 9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. Examination Examination forms 1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Photographs collection on agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16. 2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. 3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. 4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. 5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. 6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium Date of last amendment 30 June 2021	Content (14 meetings)	 Importance of agriculture for human being History and development of agriculture in the world Factors influencing crop production (Soil, water/irrigation, nutrient/fertilizer, pest control, seed)
6. Nutrient cycling 7. Pest control succeeding crop yield 8. Quality seeds for agriculture 9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. Examination Examination forms 1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Photographs collection on agricultural objects Reading List 1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16. 2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. 3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. 4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. 5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. 6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium		 Soil fertility influencing land for agriculture and land division in the world (wetland and dryland) Irrigation system for agriculture
9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. ExaminationExamination forms1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Photographs collection on agricultural objectsReading List1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16. 2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. 3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa.4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. 5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. 6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. BelgiumDate of last amendment30 June 2021		 Nutrient cycling Pest control succeeding crop yield Quality seeds for agriculture
Examination forms1. Essays questions2. Writing paper3. Photographs collection on agricultural objectsReading List1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16.2. Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England.3. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa.4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York.5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore.6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. BelgiumDate of last amendment30 June 2021		 9. Climate change threaten sustainable agriculture 10. Examination
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 Guber, DL. The Grassroots of a Green Revolution: Polling America on the Environment. The MIT Press, Cambridge, England. Cowan, CW and Watson, PJ. 2006. The Origin of Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium June 2021 	Reading List	1. Erickson Cl. 1988. Raised field agriculture in the Lake Tricaca Basin: Putting Ancient Agriculture Back to Work. Expedition 30(3):8-16.
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Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York.5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995. Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore.6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. BelgiumDate of last amendment30 June 2021		 Agriculture; An International Perspective. The University of Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. 4. Horne, JE and McDermot, M. 2001 The Next Green
Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. 6. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium Date of last amendment		 Revolution; Essential Step to a Healthy Sustainable Agriculture. Food Products Press, New York. 5. Peng S., Incram KT, Neue HU and Ziska LH. 1995.
Date of last amendment 30 June 2021		 Climate Change and Rice. Springer, Singapore. Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven, Belgium
	Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



	Module Designation	Religion
	Code	UNI 10116
VI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	2 nd semester/1 st year
0	Person responsible for the module	Dr. Nurhasan, M. Ag dan Religion Team Teaching
	Language	Indonesian
	Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project
D	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
U	self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended	-
L	prerequisite for joining the module	
F	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	1. Describe, explain about the introduction of Islamic Religious Education
		2. Explain the meaning, the philosophy of divinity in Islam, the history of human thought about God, God according to religion
H		 Explain the meaning, the philosophy of divinity in Islam, the history of human thought about God, God according to religion
Α		4. Describe and explain the implementation of Faith and Taqwa, Explaining Problems, challenges and risks in modern life the role of Faith and Taqwa in Answering the Challenges of Modern Life
N		 Describe, explain about humans according to Islam Describe, explain the concept of Law, HAM, and Democracy in Islam
D		 Describe, explain the concept of Islamic law, the Contribution of Muslims in Indonesia Describe, explain how to apply al-Karimah's morals in
B		everyday life9. Describe, explain the concept of science and technology and art in Islam
0		 10. Describe, explain the concept of religious harmony 11. Describe, explain the concept of Civil Society 12. Describe, explain the concept of Islamic Economics
		13. Describe, explain the concept of Islamic politics
0	Content	 Introduction to Religious education The Concept of God in Islam



		3. The concept of faith and piety
		4. Implementation of Faith and Taqwa in modern life
IVI		5. Human nature according to Islam
		6. Law, HAM, and Democracy in Islam
		7. Islamic Law, Contribution of Muslims in Indonesia
0		8. Moral and Moral Ethics
		9. Science and technology and art in Islam
		10. Inter-religious harmony
D		11. Civil Society
		12. Islamic Economics
		13. The concept of Islamic culture
11		14. Islamic political concept
U	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
		2. Pratical works
	Reading list	1.
	Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 10215 Introduction to Environmental Science
Semester (s) in which the	2 nd semester/1 st year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	Sabaruddin, Ph.D.
module	Dr. Agus Hermawan
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Optional Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Case-based Course
Workload (incl. Contact	100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for
hours, self-study hours)	structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for
	self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
learning outcomes	basic concept, and scope of Environmental Science ar
	Environmental Sustainability
	2. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Environmental Concern Timeline
	3. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Ecosystems as Units of Sustainability.
	4. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Population Growth: Causes and Impacts.
	5. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	the basic of climate change issues
	6. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Environmental Ethics
	7. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Water, Water Cycle, and Water Management
	8. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Pollution and Hazardous Chemicals
	9. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Air Pollution and Atmospheric Change
	10. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Soil Erosion and Its Impact (Sedimentation and
	Eutrophication)
	11. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	The Use of Pesticides and Their Residual Impacts
	12. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	EIA and Strategic Environmental Assessment



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1.	Introduction: Course Description and Evaluation;
	Environmental Science and Environmental
	Sustainability
2.	Environmental Concern Timeline: Global and
	National The world's and Indonesia's footprint in
	protecting the environment
3.	Ecosystems as Units of Sustainability. 1. What is an
	ecosystem, 2. Ecosystem structure, 3. Why are
	ecosystems differents among regions and what are
	the impacts on humans?
4.	Population Growth: Causes and Impacts. 1.
	Population Growth and its Causes, 2. Environmental
	and Social Impacts of Population Growth,
5.	Introduction to Climate Change Issues: What is
	Climate Change, Causes of Climate Change, Impact
	of Climate Change,
6.	Introduction to Environmental Ethics: Definition of
	Ethics, Morals, Ethic and Etiquette; Theories on
	Ethics,
7.	Water, Water Cycle, and Water Management; Water
	Cycle, Human Impacts on the Water Cycle,
	Freshwater Sources and Utilization, Water
	Overdrawing, Getting More Water (Less use of
	water, and Utilization of sea/salt water/desalting).
8.	Pollution and Hazardous Chemicals; Hazards and
	Potential of Waste, Waste Recycling Constraints,
	Chemical Properties (HAZMATS), Waste
	Management to Avoid Pollution.
9.	Air Pollution and Atmospheric Change; Introduction
	to Atmospheric and Air Pollution; Air Pollutants and
	Their Impacts; Sources of Pollutants; Indoor Air
	Pollution; Air Pollution Control; Depletion of the
	ozone layer.
10	. Soil Erosion and Its Impact (Sedimentation and
	Eutrophication); Eutrophication Process; Long Term
	Strategy to Overcome Eutrophication
11	. The Use of Pesticides and Their Residual Impacts;
	Why Do we need pest control? Benefits and
	Problems of Chemicals Applications; Alternative
	Methods of Pest Management; Socio-economic
	Issues of Pest Management.
12	. EIA and Strategic Environmental Assessment; What
	are EIA and Strategic Environmental Assessment;
	Why EIA and Strategic Environmental Assessment



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	are important; How EIA and Strategic Environmental
	Assessment are carried out.
Examination forms	1. Examination (Essays),
	2. Group Assignment.
Reading List	 Nebel, B.J. and R.T. Wright. 1998. Environmental Science. 6th Edition. Prentice Hall. Pierzynski, G.M., J.T. Sims, and G.F. Vance. 2005. Soils
	and
	3. Environemntal Quality. 3rd Edition. Taylor & Francis.
	4. Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Biodiversity. 2001. Global Biodiversity Outlook. CBD, Montreal, Canada
	5. Keraf, A.S. 2002. Etika Lingkungan. Penerbit Buku Kompas.
	6. Salim, E. 2010. Ratusan Bangsa Merusak Satu Bumi. Penerbit Buku Kompas.
	7. Neolaka, A. 2008. Kesadaran Lingkungan. Penerbit Bineka Cipta
	8. Murdiyarso, D. 2003. CDM: Mekanisme Pembangunan Bersih. Penerbit Buku Kompas
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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dule Designation
le
nester (s) in which the

	Module Designation	English
Б Д	Code	UNI 10416
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	2 nd semester/1 st year
0	Person responsible for the	
U	modul	
	Language	Indonesian and English
D	Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
U	self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
L	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
F	Module objectives/intended	1 Students understand and ready to participate in the
	learning outcomes	building of academic atmosphere in the campus
		2. Students are able to express their feeling and idea
		verbally in English
H		3. Students are able to tell story about their experience
		related to agriculture
		4. Students are able to catch information and knowledge from reading materials related to
A		agriculture
		5. Students are able to catch knowledge from reading
N		materials related to plant pest and disease
		6. Students are able to understand the content of
		video on agriculture and make written summary.
D		7. Students are able to understand the content of video on plant pest and disease and make written
		summary
		8. Students are able to search literatures or articles
B		which are related to agriculture from Internet
		9. Students are able to write academic material with
•		emphasis on grammatical aspect.
U		10. Students are able to write academic material with
		11. Students are able to listen to audio material and
0		write summary I.
		12. Students are able to listen to audio material and write
		summary II.

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	13. Students are able to present academic material
	summarized from scientific articles I
	14. Students are able to present academic material
	summarized from scientific articles II.
Content	1. Building conducive atmosphere academic
	2. Speaking on agricultural aspects, free topic based
	on experience
	3. Speaking on agricultural aspects, talk about
	personal experience related to agriculture
	4. Reading and summarizing agricultural article
	related to agriculture
	5. Reading and summarizing agricultural article
	related to plant disease
	6. Watching and summarizing the content of video on
	agriculture.
	7. Watching and summarizing the content of video on
	plant pests and diseases
	8. Searching literatures or articles which are related to
	agriculture from internet.
	9. Academic writing tutorial with emphasis on
	grammatical aspect.
	10. Academic writing tutorial with emphasis on
	vocabulary aspect.
	11. Academic listening tutorial: Listening and
	summarizing audio material I
	12. Academic listening tutorial: Listening and
	summarizing audio material II
	13. Academic speaking tutorial: presentation academic
	material summarized from scientific articles I
	14. Academic speaking tutorial: presentation academic
	material summarized from scientific articles II
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
Reading list	1. Eastwood J2002. Oxford guide to English grammar.
-	Oxford University Press, Oxford.
	2. Murphy, R. 2019. English Grammar in Use. Fifth
	Edition.Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
	3. Spears, RA.2005. Dictionary of American Idioms and
	Phrasal Verbs. McGraw-Hills, New York.
	4. Zemach, DE and Rumisek LA. 2005. Academic
	writing: from paragraph to accay Macmillan Spain
	WITCH



	Module Designation	Introduction to Agriculture Economics
B 4	Code	ABI 11216
IVI	Semester (s) in which the	1 st semester/1 st year
	module is taught	
•	Person responsible for the	Prof. Dr. Ir. Andy Mulyana, M.Si
U	module	Dr. Agustina Bidarti, S.P., M.Si
		Dr. Erni Purbiyanti, S.P., M.Si.
		Eka Mulyana, S.P., M.Si
D	Language	Indonesian
	Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
U	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	170 minutes x 3 credits = 6 hours and 20 minutes of total
	self-study hours)	load, with details: 100 minutes of lectures; 160 minutes of
		assistance; 120 minutes of structured tasks and 120 minutes
		of group work.
	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
	Required and recommended	-
Ε	prerequisite for joining the	
	module	
	Nodule objectives/intended	SINS:
	learning outcomes	Respecting the diversity of cultures, views, beliefs, and
Η		rengions and the original opinions/multigs of others
		NP 1. Students able to understand the latest issues in the field of
		agribusiness both at the basic level and at the advanced
A		
		KIP 2 ·
		Students able to understand knowledge and technology in
Ν		the field of agribusiness including the development of
		professional practices through research studies to produce
		innovative work in the field of agribusiness tested
D		KIP 3 :
		Students able to understand the fields of economics,
		management, business, entrepreneurship, institutional,
R		sociology, extension and communication, as well as
		agricultural sciences for the development of sustainable
		agribusiness operating systems.
0		KBP 1:
		Able to plan, implement and evaluate the allocation of
		natural, human, capital, and social resources to improve the
0		operating efficiency of the agribusiness system, as well as
U		being able to operate and develop innovative, accountable
		agribusiness business units, create added value by





		prioritizing socio-economic principles of agriculture and quantitative and qualitative approaches to realize
M		sustainable and efficient agribusiness to realize sustainable
		agribusiness and efficient.
	Content	1. Indonesian Agricultural Economy
0		2. Agricultural Economic Problems
		3. Institutional Factors of Agricultural Economic
		4. Economic Principles in Agriculture
D		5. Soil in Agricultural Production
		6. Modules in Agricultural Production
		7. Labor in Agricultural Production
		8. Demand and Supply of Agricultural Products
U		9. Agricultural Trad
		10. Markets and Trade Policy
		11. Trade Issues
L		12. Agricultural Development Theories
		13. The Government's Role in Agricultural Development
_		14. Agricultural Economics Research
E	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
		2. Writing Project Paper
		3. Oral presentation
	Reading list	1. Frank, R.H., Bernanke ,B.S. 2007. Principles of Macro
H		Economis. McGraw- Hill.
		2. Rita, H. 2020. Pengantar Ekonomi Pertanian. Penerbit
		Andi, Jakarta.
A		3. Yosi et al. 2012. Pengantar Ekonomi Pertanian. ITB
		Press.
		4. Sharma, L. 2021. Principles of Agricultural Economics.
N		Agrotech Publishing Academy.
		5. Rosyidi, S. 1996. Pengantar Teori Ekonomi (Pendekatan
		Kepada Teori Ekonomi Mikro dan Makro).PT. Raja
		Grafindo Persada.
		6. Husnan, S dan Suwarsono. 1994. Studi Kelayakan
		Proyek (Edisi ketiga). UPP AMP YKPN.
D		7. Gittenger, J/P/ 1986. Analisis Ekonomi Proyek-ptoyek
D		Pertanian (Edisi kedua). UI-Press.
		8. Kadariah, L. Karlina dan C Gray. 1999. Pengantar
~		Evaluasi Proyek (Edisi Revisi). LPFE Universitas
U		Indoensia.
		9. Gray, C., Simanjuntak, P., Sabur, L.K., Maspaitell, R.C.G.
		Varley. 2005. Pengantar Evaluasi Proyek (edisi kedua).
0		PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama
	Date of last amendment	21 December 2021



Module Designation	Fundamentals of Management
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	1 th semester/1 nd year
Person responsible for the module	Ir. Fauzia Asyiek, M.A.,Ph.D
	Dr. Ir. Idham Alamsyah, M.Si
	Dr.Ir. Amruzi Minha, M.Si
	Ir. Yulius, MM
	Dwi Wulan Sari, S.P.,M.Si.,Ph.D
	Henny Malini,S.P.,M.Si
	Erni Purbiyanti, S.P.,M.Si
	Muhammad Arby, M.Si
	Thirtawati, S.P., M.Si
	Elly Rosana, S.P.,M.Si
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative Learning, Case Based
	Learning
Workload (incl. Contact hours,	170 minutes x 2 credits = 5 hours and 6 minutes of
self-study hours)	total load, with details: 100 minutes of lectures; 100
	minutes of assistance; 100 minutes of structured tasks
	and 46 minutes of group work.
Credit points	2 (2-0) credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Atitude
earning outcomes	CP-STN 2 : Students have good morals, ethics and personality in completing their duties CP-STN 4: Studets able to work together and have high social sensitivity and concern for society and the environment.
	entrepreneurial spirit
	2. Ability of the Field of Science CP-KIP 3: Students able to understand the fields of economics, management, business, entrepreneurship, institutional sociology coupseling and
	communication, as well as agricultural sciences for the development of sustainable agribusiness operating systems.
	3.Skill
	CP-KBP 6 : Students able to use methods and

ASIIN		25
М		formulate strategies for the use of resources to increase the capacity of themselves and the community in facing the challenges of agribusiness development in the future.
Ο		CP-KBP 7 : Able to communicate business policy and agribusiness management for the benefit of empowering farmers.
D		CP-KBP 11 : Able to manage and develop agribusiness businesses by implementing a management system that ensures quality output
U	Content	 Introduction, and Development of Figures of Management Planning Function Organization Function
L.		 Deparmentation Staff and Committee Delegation
E		 Acquiring Employees Advancing Employees Utilizing Employees Dismissing Employees
н		 Giving Ordes Function Supervision Function Human Resource Management Presentation Of The Company's Case Review
Α	Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing Case Paper Oral presentation
Ν	Reading List	 Hasibuan, Malayu. 2001. Management: Basics, Understanding and Problems. Earth Characters. Jakarta Manulang. 1998.
D		 Management Basic. Ghalia Indonesia. Jakarta. Rae, Leslie. 1993. 50 Activities to Develop Management Skills. Volume 1. Scripting. Jakarta.
В		 Stoner, James. 2001. Management Volumes 1 and 2. Erlngga. Jakarta. Williams, Teresa. 1993. 50 Activities to Develop Management Skills.
0		 Volume 2. Scripting. Jakarta. Zandstra, 5. Jack. 1993. 50 Activities to Develop Management Skills. Volume 3. Scripting. Jakarta
Ο	Date of last amendment	28 April 2021



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	Module Designation	Rural Sociology
N	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	2 nd semester/1 nd year
	Person responsible for the module	Ir. Fauzia Asyiek, M.A., Ph.D
_		Ir. Yulian Junaidi, M.Si
)		Dr. Riswani, S.P., M,Si
		Dr. Yunita, S.P.,M.Si
		Dr. Agustina Bidarti, S.P.,M.Si
)		Henny Malini,S.P.,M.Si
		Elly Rosana, S.P.,M.Si
		Eka Mulayana, S.P.,M.Si
J		Indri Januarti, S.P., M.Si
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning,Case based Learning
	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	Lectures = 1400
-	self-study hours)	Practicum = 2040
		Structured assignment =1440
		Self-study = 1440
		Exam = 220
		Total : 6540 minutes = 109 hours = 4.36 ects
	Credit points	3 (2-1) credits
	Required and recommended	-
4	prerequisite for joining the module	
	Module objectives/ intended	1. Atitude
	learning outcomes	CP-STN 4: Able to work together and have high
		social sensitivity and concern for society and the
		environment.
		CP-STN 5: Able to manage and develop agribusiness
		businesses by implementing a management system
		that values cultural diversity, views, beliefs, and
		religions and the original opinions / findings of
5		others
		2. Ability of the Field of Science
		CP-KIP 3: Able to understand the fields of
		economics, management, business,
		entrepreneurship, institutional, sociology,
		counseling and communication, as well as
5		agricultural sciences for the development of
		sustainable agribusiness operating systems.
		5.3KIII

511N		CD KDD 5 + Able to communicate and population
М		effectively with rural community stakeholders ar in the development of agribinic operating syster
0		agribusiness, to realize sustainable and efficie agribusiness
D		CP-KBP 8 : Able to communicate and negotia effectively with rural community stakeholders ar in the development of agribisnist operating system
		by utilizing information technology in the field agribusiness, to realize agribusiness Able
U		motivate and empower the community in the fie of agribusiness business development to impro- the welfare of rural communities
L	Content	 Understanding Rural Sociology Social Interaction Social Groups
E		 Rural Social Institutions Social System Social Structure Culture
H		 8. Social Problems 9. Social Stratification 10. Social Change 11. Social Change in the Countryside
Α		11. Social Change in the Countryside 12. Village Development 13. Social Mobility 14. Modernization
Ν	Examination forms	 Quiz (essay) Doing practical works (report)
D		 3. Structured assignment (essay and paper) 4. Midterm exam (essay) 5. Final exam (essay)





Reading List	1. Cohen, Bruce J.; Simamora, Sahat, translator
	(Bina Aksara, 1983) Sociology an
	Introduction, Publisher Rineka Cipta.
	2. Rahardjo.1999. Introduction to Rural
	Sociology and Agriculture. Yogyakarta: Gajah
	Mada University Press.
	3. Soerjono Soekanto, 1985, Sociology of an
	Introduction, Jakarta: Rajawali Press.
	4. Soekanto, Soejono. 2010. Sociology an
	Introduction. Jakarta: Raja Grafindo Persada.
	5. Sugihen. 1996. Rural Sociology An
	Introduction. Jakarta: PT Raja Grafindo
	Persada.
Date of last amendment	21 December 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 10115 Introduction to Soil Science
Semester (s) in which the module	2&3 rd semester/1&2 nd year
is taught	
Person responsible for the module	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Dedik Budianta, MS
	2. Dr. Ir. Warsito, MS
	3. Dra. Dwi Probowati Sulistyani, MS
	4. Ir, Marsi, MSc, PhD
	5. Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, MS
	6. Dr. Ir. A. Napoleon, MP
	7. Dr. Ir. Dwi Setyawan, MSc
	8. Dr. Ir. Bambang Prayitno, MSc
	9. Dr. Ir. Agus Hermawan, MS
	10. Dr. Ir. Bakri, MS
	11. Prof. Dr. Ir. Edi Armanto, MS
	12. Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, MS
	13 Dr. Ir. Madiid Rohim, MS
	14 Dr. Ir. Momon Imanuddin MS
	15. Ir. Saharudin MSc. PhD
	16. Ir. Siti Nurul Aidil Eitri MS
Polation to curriculum	Compulsory Courso
	Contextual Learning Cooncrative learning and
reaching methods	contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and
N/article ad /in al. Constant house	Assignment
workioad (Incl. Contact hours,	8 nours and 40 minutes of total workload/week
sell-study hours)	consisted of 100 minutes for Contact Study; 180
	minutes for laboratory practice, 120 minutes for
	structured academic assignment and 120 minutes
	for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to explain why soil is very
learning outcomes	important for agriculture.
	2. Students are able to explain the definition ar
	the soil genesis
	3. Students are able to describe the factors soil
	forming and soil phases
	4. Students are able to explain the soil
	components related to agriculture
	5. Students are able to explain the soil (soil
	acidity, soil alkalinity, CEC, SOM, soil liming)



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	 (soil texture, soil structure, soil pores, soil bulk density, soil specific density, soil moisture). 7. Students are able to explain the soil biology (soil fauna and soil flora) 8. Students are knowing the soil distribution and soil classification in Indonesia.
Content (14 meetings) and two examinations	 Introduction of soil for agriculture (definition, function, etc)
	Soil genesis: factors affecting soil formation and soil phases
	 Soil morphology: factors affecting soil formation and soil phases
	4. Soil components for agriculture
	5. Soil chemistry (soil acidity, soil alkalinity, CEC)
	6. Soil chemistry (SOM)
	7. Soil chemistry (soil liming)
	 Soil physics (soil texture, soil structure, soi pores).
	 Soil physics (soil bulk density, soil specific density, soil moisture)
	10. Soil biology (soil fauna and soil flora)
	11. Soil development in Indonesia (Soil distribution and soil classification)
	12. Examination
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Photographs collection on agricultural objects
Reading List	1. Buckman, H.O. an N.C. Brady. 1982. Ilmu Tanah. Terjemahan Prof. Soegiman. Bhratara Karya Aksara Jakarta.
	2. Huang, P.M., Li, Y. And Sumner, M.E. 2012. Handbook of Soil Sciences. Resource
	Management and Environmental Impacts. CRC Press. Taylor & Francis Group. New York.
Data of last amondmont	21 December 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 12215 Floating Agriculture
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	2 rd semester/1 nd year
Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Adipati Napoleon, M.P
module	2. Ir. Siti Nurul Aidil Fitri, M.Si
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	3 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 50 minutes for Contact Study; 100 minutes for structured academic assignment and 100 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to explain the history of development and concept of floating farming system. Students are able to explain the definition of floating farming system, types of floating farming and. Why do you need floating farming. Students are able to explain the source/Material of floating raft, Types of floating raft, Stages of making a floating raft and Considerations and Uses of floating rafts. Students are able to explain the growing media materials, Source of growing media, Types and properties of growing media and Use of growing media. Students are able to explain the organic fertilizer ingredients, An organic fertilizer material and Types and properties of agricultural lime. Understanding of organic and inorganic fertilizers 7. Understanding of secondary macro fertilizers and micro fertilizers, Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu, B and Mo. Understanding of compound fertilizer, Types of compound fertilizers, NPK ratio/grade in compound

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 fertilizers The role of nutrient evaluation. 10. Students are able to explain the soil test concept, Development of soil test, Correlation and calibration, Soil test method and soil sampling. 11. Students are able to explain the soil and plant characteristics, Plant tissue analysis methods, Plant parts analyzed and Treating plant tissue to beanalyzed.
 12. Students are able to explain the general recommendations for fertilizing and liming Fertilizer and lime recommendations based on location Concept 5 is appropriate for applying fertilizer. 13. Students are able to explain the economic calculations and efficiency of fertilizer and lime application, Fertilizer procurement options, Advantages of using fertilizers and Fertilizer application efficiency
 Introduction and history of development and concept of floating farming system. Definition of floating farming system, types of floating farming and. Why do you need floating farming. Source/Material of floating raft, Types of floating raft, Stages of making a floating raft and Considerations and Uses of floating rafts. Growing media materials, Source of growing media, Types and properties of growing media and Use of growing media. Organic fertilizer ingredients, An organic fertilizer material and Types and properties of agricultural lime. Understanding of organic and inorganic fertilizers Understanding of secondary macro fertilizers Calcium, Magnesium, Sulfur. Understanding of micro fertilizers, Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu, B and Mo. compound fertilizer, Types of compound fertilizers, NPK ratio/grade in compound fertilizers The role of nutrient evaluation. Soil test concept, Development of soil test,

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12. Soil and plant characteristics, Plant tissue anal methods, Plant parts analyzed and Treating pl tissue to beanalyzed.13. General recommendations for fertilizing and li Fertilizer and lime recommendations based on location Concept 5 is appropriate for applying fertilizer.14. Economic calculations and efficiency of fertiliz lime application, Fertilizer procurement optio Advantages of using fertilizers and Fertilizer application efficiencyExamination forms1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Oral PresentationReading List1. Bernas, SM., Napoleon, A dan Fitri, SNA. 2019 Budidaya Tanaman Padi dan Hortikultura Seca Terapung. Unsri Prerss Palembang. 2. Hanafiah AK. 2016. Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Tanah. 3. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertil Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. Depok: Raja Grafindo Persada.		
Examination forms1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Oral PresentationReading List1. Bernas, SM., Napoleon, A dan Fitri, SNA. 2019 Budidaya Tanaman Padi dan Hortikultura Seca Terapung. Unsri Prerss Palembang. 2. Hanafiah AK. 2016. Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Tanah. 3. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertil Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. Depok: Raja Grafindo Persada.		 Soil and plant characteristics, Plant tissue analysis methods, Plant parts analyzed and Treating plant tissue to beanalyzed. General recommendations for fertilizing and liming Fertilizer and lime recommendations based on location Concept 5 is appropriate for applying fertilizer. Economic calculations and efficiency of fertilizer and lime application, Fertilizer procurement options, Advantages of using fertilizers and Fertilizer application efficiency
2. Writing paper 3. Oral Presentation Reading List 1. Bernas, SM., Napoleon, A dan Fitri, SNA. 2019 Budidaya Tanaman Padi dan Hortikultura Seca Terapung. Unsri Prerss Palembang. 2. Hanafiah AK. 2016. Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Tanah. 3. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertil Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. Depok: Raja Grafindo Persada.	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
Reading List1. Bernas, SM., Napoleon, A dan Fitri, SNA. 2019 Budidaya Tanaman Padi dan Hortikultura Seca Terapung. Unsri Prerss Palembang. 2. Hanafiah AK. 2016. Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Tanah. 3. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertil Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. Depok: Raja Grafindo Persada.		3. Oral Presentation
	Reading List	 Bernas, SM., Napoleon, A dan Fitri, SNA. 2019. Budidaya Tanaman Padi dan Hortikultura Secara Terapung. Unsri Prerss Palembang. Hanafiah AK. 2016. Dasar-Dasar Ilmu Tanah. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertility Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. Depok: Raja Grafindo Persada.
Date of last amendment 21 December 2021	Date of last amendment	21 December 2021



	Module Designation	Agricultural Extension
M	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	4 rd semester/2 nd year
	Person responsible for the module	Dr. Yunita, S.P., M.Si
		Dr. Riswani, S.P., M.Si
0		Prof. Dr. Ir. Sriati, M.S.
		Ir. Fauzia Asyik, M.A., PhD
		Henny Malini, S.P.,M.Si
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
U	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning, Cased Based Learning
	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-	170 minutes x 3 credits = 6 hours and 20 minutes of
	study hours)	total load, with details: 100 minutes of lectures; 160
		minutes of assistance; 120 minutes of structured tasks
		and 120 minutes of group work.
	Credit points	3 (2-1) credits
E	Required and recommended	-
		1 Attitude
н	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	STN 6 : Upholding law enforcement and having the spirit to put the interests of the nation and the wider community first.
Α		KIP 4 : Able to understand operationally the social, economic and technological principles that underlie the management of agricultural businesses and the agricultural industry and socio-
N		cultural aspects in the countryside for decision making and problem solving in the field of agribusiness
D		2. SkillsKBP 5 : Able to communicate and negotiate effectively with stakeholders in the development
B		of agribusiness operating systems by utilizing information technology in the field of agribusiness, to realize sustainable and efficient
0		agribusiness 3. Competency
0		KBP 7 : Able to communicate business policy and agribusiness management for farmer empowerment





	KBP 8 : Able to motivate and empower the community in the field of agribusiness business development to improve community welfare	
Content	 Definition, and Scope of Agricultural Extension Philosophy and Goals of Agricultural Extension Agricultural Extension Method Classification of Agricultural Extension Methods Presentation of Materials and Group 	
	Discussion 6. Agricultural Extension Media 7. Agricultural Extension Materials 8. Agricultural Extension Institutions	
	 9. Diffusion of Agricultural Innovation 10. Presentation of Materials and Group Discussion 11. Preparation of Agricultural Extension Planning 12. Bevitalization of Agricultural Extension 	
Evenination forms	13. Arrangement of Agricultural Extension 14. Agricultural Extension in the Digital Age	
	 Essays questions Writing Project Paper Oral presentation 	
Reading List	 Van den Ban, A.W. and H. S Hawkins. 1999. Agricultural Extension. Kanisius, Yogyakarta. Roger, E.M and F.F. Shoemaker.1971. Diffusion of Innovation. New York: Free Press. Cees Leeuwis, 2010. Communication for Rural Innovation. Rethinking Agricultural Extension. Kasinius, Yogyakarta. 	
	 4. Nataliningsih. 2018. Participatory Counseling for Women Farmers Groups. C.V. Alphabet. Bandung. 5. Mardikanto, Totok. 2009. Agricultural Extension System. LPP and UPT Publishing and Printing. UNS. 	
Date of last amendment	23 November 2021	


	Module Designation	Principles of plant protection		
	Code	PPT 21116		
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester/2 st year		
0	Person responsible for the module	Dr. Ir. Suparman SHK Prof. Dr. Ir. Siti Herlinda, M. Si. Ir. Bambang Gunawan, M. Si. Arsih, S. P., M. Si.		
D	Language	Indonesian		
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course		
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning		
U	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	Lectures = 1400 minutes Practicum = 1700 minutes Structured assignment = 1440 minutesSelf- study = 1440 minutes		
		Exam = 220 minutes		
L		Total: $6200 \text{ minutes} = 103.33 \text{ hours} = 4,13 \text{ ECTS}$		
	Credit points	3 credits		
E	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-		
н	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to accurately explain about scope of crop protection and able to recognize pests and damages they cause on crops. Students are able identify mite and mice as crop 		
Α		pest and able to describe their biology, behavior, impact on crop, and control. 3. Students are able to identify pig, bird, and snailas pest of crops and able to describe their biology,		
Ν		behavior, impact on crop, and control.4. Students are able to explain how to control insects using and biological control techniques.		
D		 Students are able to explain how to control insects by using resistant variety, and applyingphysical and mechanical control techniques. 		
B		 Students are able to explain how to control insects by implementing plant quarantine, andhow to apply pesticide appropriately 		
0		 Students are able to explain how to prepare and apply sterile male to control insect and adle to describe integrated pest management. 		
0		 Students are able to describe the disturbance caused by microorganisms on crops and its impact on yield losses. 		
		9. Students are able to describe various disease		

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		symptoms caused by various pathogens
M		 Students are able to describe general characteristics of plant pathogenic fungi, including their interaction with their host.
0		 Students are able to describe general characteristics of plant pathogenic bacteria, including their interaction with their host.
D		12. Students are able to describe general characteristics of plant pathogenic viruses and nematodes, and their interaction with plant.
U		 Students are able to explain how to control plant pathogens using exclusion, eradication physical and cultural techniques.
L		 Students are able to explain how to apply pesticide correctly, effectively, efficiently, safelyand environmentally friendly.
E	Content	 Scope of crop protection; insect as crop pest and the impact of their attack to crops
		Mite and mice as crop pest and the impact of their attack to crops
Н		Wild pig, bird and snail as crop pest and the impact of their attack to crops
Λ		4. Cultural and biological techniques
~		Resistant variety, physical control and mechanical control techniques.
N		 Plant quarantine and chemical control technique.
D		 The use of sterile male and Integrated Pest Management.
		 Introducing plant disease: how pathogen cause disease on plants.
B		9. Plant disease symptoms
		10. Fungi as plant pathogen
0		11. Bactria as plant pathogen
		12. Virus and nematode as plant pathogen
0		 Exclusion, eradication, physical and cultural techniques.
		14. Chemical control of plant diseases





Examination forms	1. Quiz (essay)
	2. Doing practical works (report)
	3. Structured assignment (essay and paper)
	4. Midterm exam (essay)
	5. Final exam (essay)
Reading list	1. Chandrasekaran B, Annadurai K and Somasundaram.
	2010. A Textbook of Agronomy. New Age International
	Publishers New Delhi.
	2. Pareek A, Sopory SK, Bohnert HJ, and Govindjee. 2010.
	Abiotic Stress in Plants. Springer, Dordrecht, Nederland.
	3. Kethan SK. 2001. Microbial Pest Control. Markel Dekker, Inc. New York.
	4. Levine MJ.2007. Pesticides; A toxic time bomb in our
	midst. Praeger, London.
	5. Agrios GN. 2005. Plant Pathology 5th Ed. Elsevier
	Academic Press, New York.
	6. Ebbels DL. 2003. Principles of Plant Health and
	Quarantine. CABI Publishing, Cambridge.
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



	Module Designation	Fundamentals of Agronomy
	Code	PAG 202116
VI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	2 nd semester/1 st year
	Person responsible for the	Dr. Ir. Yakup, M. S.
0	module	Dr. Ir. Firdaus Sulaiman, M.Si.
		Dr. Ir. Zaidan Panji Negara, M.Sc.
		Fitra Gustiar, S.P., M.Si.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Type of teaching	Lecture, practical, and project
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
U	Workload (incl. Contact	6 hours and 20 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for
	hours,	Contact Study; 160 Minutes for practicum, 120 minutes
	self-study hours)	for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for
L		self-study per week
	Credit points	3 Credits
	Required and recommended	-
E	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	learning outcomes	basic definition and scopes of agronomy.
H		2. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		the development of agricultural and the role of
		agronomy.
Δ		3. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		areas of origin and centers of crop production
		especially in indonesia.
N		4. Capable of grouping the potential agronomic crops for
		5 Canable of understanding describing and explaining
		the plant growth and development.
D		6. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		the effect of abiotic factors on plant growth and
		development and capable of providing solutions for
R		each abiotic problems.
		7. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		the effect of biotic factors on plant growth and
\mathbf{O}		development and capable of providing solutions for
		each biotic problems.
		8. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
0		grouping and roles of growth regulator substances
		(GRS), enzymes, and vitamins.
		9. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
V		
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М		the roles and procedure of plant breeding. 10. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
		and tissue culture.
0		11. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining the preparation of dry land, swamp land, and micro
		land especially in Indonesia.
D		the process of nurseries, seeding, and planting.
		13. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining the cropping patterns and crop diversification
U		especially in Indonesia.
		14. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining the agricultural intensification, and agricultural
		extensification.
		15. Capable of describing, explaining and providing
_		utilization of agricultural waste.
•		16. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	Contont	1 Pacie definitions and scenes of agreenewy
	Content	 Dasic definitions and scopes of agronomy. Agricultural development and the role of agronomy.
H		3 Areas of origin and centers of crop production
•••		4 Agronomic plant grouping and examples
		5 Plant growth and development
Δ		6 Effect of abiotic factors on plant growth and
		development
		7 Effect of high factors on plant growth and
N		development
		8. Grouping and roles of growth regulator substances
		(GRS), enzymes, and vitamins
		9. Plant breeding
D		10. Plant propagation (sexual and asexual), and tissue
		culture
		11. Preparation of dry land, swamp land, and micro land
В		12. Nurseries, seeding, and planting
		13. Cropping patterns and crop diversification
		14. Agricultural intensification, and agricultural
Ο		extensification
		15. Sustainability of land resources/conservation, and
		utilization of agricultural waste
Ο		16. Agricultural production facilities
	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
		2. Pratical works





	Reading list	1. C.C. Webster & P.N. Wilson. 1998. Agriculture in The Tropics Blackwell Science
Μ		 R.L. Arya. 2020. Fundamentals of Agronomy. Scientific Publishers
0		 Chandra de Gopal. 2019. Fundamentals of Agronomy. Oxford and Ibh Publishers.
		 Donald L. Sparks. 2021. Advances in Agronomy, Volume 167. Academic Press; 1st edition.
D		 Chandrasekaran B, Annadurai K and Somasundaram. 2010. A Textbook of Agronomy. New Age International Publishers New Delhi.
U		 Manoj Kumar Jhariya, Ram Swaroop Meena, Arnab Banerjee. 2021. Ecological Intensification of Natural Posources for Sustainable Agriculture. Springer: 1st ed
L		 2021 edition. 7. Victor Sadras, Daniel Calderini. 2020. Crop Physiology
E.	Date of last amendment	edition.



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	Module Designation	Statistics
N A	Code	PER 21116
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester/2 st year
	Person responsible for the	Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, M.S
Ο	module	Dr. Ir. Dwi Setyawan, M.Sc
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
D	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
	self-study hours)	100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory
U		practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
		and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
۲.	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	Passed PER 21116
F	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understanding of statistics;
	learning outcomes	ilustration and examples to use statistics in agriculture
		research.
		2. Students are able to understanding and
Η		ilurstration dan examples to use in agrupulture
		nurstration dan examples to use in agruculture
		2 Students are able to understanding several
Α		variables! (quantitative-qualitative: discreat-
		continue: score: nominal ordinal categorical
		rational) ilustration and examples in agriculture.
Ν		4. Students are able to understanding, illutration.
		calculation and application of several
		measurement of central tendency of agricultural
D		data (arithmatic-harmonic-geometric mean;
		median, and modus).
		5. Students are able to understanding, illustration,
B		calculation and application examples on agricultural
		data, (minimum-maximum, rank, variance, standar
		deviation).
0		6. Students are able to understanding, illustration,
		calculation, and application examples of
		measurement of data position (percentile,
0		Yudi IIIE, ELC.).
		7. Students are able to explanating and examples of
		several techniques and methods in data presentation





Μ		 in form of tables, graphics, and hystogram. 8. Students are able to understanding, illustration, relation, and calculation of probality and binomial distribution. 9. Students are able to understanding, illustration,
0		relation, and calculation probability and normal distribution and Z-table 10 Students are able to understanding ilustration
D		relation, and calculation probability and T-Student distribution and T-table; T-test using Z-test and T-
U		test. 11. Students are able to explanation and calculation of two sample comparionwise test in equal variance by using F-max ratio dan T-test
L		12. Students are able explanation, and introduction toward understanding of analysis variance (Anova) concept
E		 Students are able to Simple explanation toward understanding and application several other methods in statistical analysis analisis (regression, correlation, covariance, and non-parametric
		method).
н	Content	 General understanding of statistics; ilustration and examples to use statistics in agriculture research Understanding and relationship between population and
Α		sample; ilurstration dan examples to use in agrucultureresearch3. Understanding several variablesl (quantitative-
N		qualitative; discreat-continue; score; nominal,ordinal, categorical, rational) ilustration and examples in agriculture
D		 Understanding, illutration, calculation and application of several measurement of central tendency of agricultural data (arithmatic-harmonic-geometric mean; median, and modus)
В		 Understanding, illustration, calculation and application examples on agricultural data, (minimum-maximum, rank, variance, standar deviation)
0		6. Understanding, illustration, calculation, and application examples of measurement of data position (percentile, quartile, etc.)
0		 Explanation and examples of several techiques and methods in data presentation in form of tables, graphics, and hystogram
		8. Understanding, illustration, relation, and calculation of

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Module Designation	PTN 23115 Soil Biology
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester/2 nd year
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, M.S.
module	2. Dr. Ir. A. Majid, M.S.
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning, Project Based Learning
Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to explain the soil habitat for the living media of soil organisms. Students are able to explain the relationship between soil biology and land management actions Students know the biodiversity of organisms in the soil. Students are able to to explain the activities and soil macro-organisms and their influence on soil properties and plant growth and the environment. Students are able to explain the activities and soil mesofauna and their influence on soil properties and plant growth and the environment. Students are able to explain the activities and soil microflora and their influence on soil properties and plant growth and the environment. Students are able to explain the activities and soil microflora and their influence on soil properties and plant growth and the environment Students are understand the forms of interaction between microbes. Students are able to explain the microbes that play a role in the carbohydrate cycle. Students are able to explain microbes that play a role in the N cycle Students are able to explain microbes that play a role in the P, K and S cycles. Students are able to explain microbes that play a role in the P, K and S cycles.



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	12. Students are able to understand the correct ways
	of managing soil organisms
	13. Students are able to explain explain how to use soi
	organisms in soil biotechnology
Content	1. Soil Habitat (Description of Physical, Chemical and
	Biological Characteristics of Soil; Definition of
	rhizosphere and characteristics of rhizosphere
	compared to non-rhizosphere
	2. Soil Biology and Management Measures
	3. Soil Biodiversity
	4. Soil macrofauna and their role in the soil
	5. Soil mesofauna and its role in the soil
	6. Soil Microflora (Bacteria, Fungi, Algae, Protozoa,
	Actinomycetes, Viruses and Bacteriophages)
	7. Interaction between microbes
	8. Soil microbes and nutrient cycles: 1. Microbes and
	the Carbon Cycle
	9. Soil microbes and nutrient cycles: 2. Microbes and
	the N . Cycle
	10. Soil microbes and nutrient cycles: 3. Microbes and
	P, K and S cycles
	11. Interactive discussion using video conference
	discussing material 9. 10. and 11
	12. Organic Mater
	13. Soil Organism Management
	14. Basics Soil Biotechnology
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	2 Project based
L	



Μ	Reading List	 Bardgett, R.D. 2008. The Biology of Soil: A community and ecosystem approach. Oxford Univ. Press. Tate, R.L. 2021. Soil Microbiology. John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
0		 Miessler, D. 2020. Grow Your Soil!: Harness the Power of the Soil Food Web to Create Your Best Garden Ever. Storey Publ., LLC.
D		 Giri, B. and Varma, A. 2020. Soil Health. http://www.springer.com/series/5138 Saraswati, R., E. Husen, dan RDM. Simanungkalit. 2007.
U		Metode Analisis Biologi Tanah. Balai Besar Litbang Sumberdaya Pertanian, Balitbangtan, Departemen Pertanian.
L		 Hanafiah, KA., I Anas, A. Napoleon, N Gofar. 2005. Biologi Tanah. Rajawali Press, Jakarta.
	Date of last amendment	4 Juni 2021





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	Module Designation	PTN 23215 Soil Chemistry
Μ	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester/2 nd year
	Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Marsi. M.Sc
	module	2. Prof. Dr. Dedik Budianta, M.S.
0		3. Dr. Agus Hermawan, M.T.
		4. Dr. A. Madjid Rohim, M.S.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
L	Credit points	3 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
E	Module abjectives (intended	1 Students are able to understanding the meaning
	learning outcomes	and scope of Soil Chemistry
		2 Students are able to understand the basic principles
		of chemistry and solution chemistry
н		3. Students are able to understand the meaning of soil
		colloids and be able to distinguish between organic
		and inorganic colloids.
Α		4. Students are able to recognize oxidation-reduction
		reactions and calculate oxidation number.
		5. Students are able to distinguish actual acidity and
N		potential acidity.
		6. Students are able to understand the acid Sulfate Soil
		Chemistry
D		7. Students are able to understand the meaning of soil
		ion adsorption, soil CEC and soil AEC
		8. Students are able to understand the role of soil
В		chemistry in soil formation.
		9. Students are able to understand about clay-metal-
		10. Students are able to understand about soil Poaction
υ		in Soil Affected by Salt: Understanding Alkalinity and
		Salinity: Relationship hetween SAR and FSD:
		Chemistry Na
Ο		11. Students are able to understand about principles of
		Ion Adsorption by Soil Colloids, Cation and Anion
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	Exchange
	12. Students are able to understand about chemical
	Processes involved in Weathering Minerals:
	Hydration, Hydrolysis, Oxidation-Reduction
	13. Students are able to understand about chemical
	Processes Involved in Horizon Formation
	14. Students are able to understand about formation o
	clay-metal-organic matter complexes
Content	1. Introduction: Understanding Soil Chemistry; Scope
	of Soil Chemistry; Sciences Related to Soil Chemistr
	2. Basic Principles of Chemistry: Important chemical
	elements in soil and plants: chemical bonds:
	Chemical units and their interrelationships
	3. Soil Solution Chemistry: The concept of
	concentration and activity: Acid base concept:
	Constanta solubility products and its relationship
	with mineral solubility
	4 Inorganic Colloids (Clay)
	5 Organic Colloids
	6 Definition of Oxidation Reduction Oxidation-
	reduction reactions in some important soil
	nutrionts Elooded Soil Chemistry
	7 Acid Sulfate Soil Chemistry
	7. Actu Sunate Son Chemistry
	 Reduction on Actu Soli Seil Departies in Seil Affected by Selty Understandin
	9. Soli Reaction in Soli Affected by Salt: Onderstandin
	Aikalinity and Salinity; Relationship between SAR
	and ESP; Chemistry Na
	10. Principles of Ion Adsorption by Soil Colloids
	11. Cation and Anion Exchange
	12. Chemical Processes involved in Weathering
	Minerals: Hydration, Hydrolysis, Oxidation-
	Reduction
	13. Chemical Processes Involved in Horizon Formation
	14. Formation of clay-metal-organic matter complexes
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Presentation and Group Discussion on Soil Chemistr
	Related Topics.





Reading List	 Sparks, D.L., 2003. Environmental Soil Chemistry. Second Edition. Academic Press. San Diego. California. 352 pp. Evangelou, V.P. 1998. Environmental soil and water chemistry: Principles and applications. John Wiley and Sons. New York. Sposito, G. 2008. The Chemistry of Soils. Oxford University Press. New York. 342 pp Bohn, H.L., B.L. McNeal, and G.A. O'Connor. 2001. Soil Chemistry. 3 rd Edition. John Wiley and Sons. New York. 322 pp. Essington, M.E. 2004. Soil and Water Chemistry. CRC Press. New York. 553 pp Yu, T.R. 1997. Chemistry of Variable Charge Soils. Oxford University Press. Oxford. 518 pp Tan, K.H. 1998. Principles of Soil Chemistry. 3rd Edition. Marcel Dekker. Inc. New York. 556 pp
Date of last amendment	4 July 2021





	Module Designation	PTN 23315 Soil Physics
Μ	Semester (s) in which the	3 rd semester/2 nd year
	Person responsible for the	1 Dr. Ir. Bakri M.P.
	module	2 Dr. Ir. Satria Java Priatna, M.S.
\mathbf{O}	module	3 Dr. Ir. Muh Bambang Pravitno M Agr Sc
		4. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanuddin, S.P., M.Agr.Sc.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
E	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understand about general
	learning outcomes	characteristics of soil physics
		2. Students are able to understand about soil as a
H		dispersion system, phase properties and each
		component of soil material and particles (texture),
		2 Students are able to understand about
Α		5. Students are able to understand about
		A Students are able to understand about soil
		structure porosity manifestation of soil structure
N		5 Students are able to understand about strength and
		compaction, rheology and soil plasticity
		6. Students are able to understand about
D		groundwater potential, energy and retention,
		groundwater characteristic curve
		7. Continued discussion of sample questions
R		8. Students are able to understand about water flow
		in saturated and unsaturated soil (Examples of
		discussion of problems and calculations)
\mathbf{O}		9. Students are able to understand about water flow
		in saturated and unsaturated soil (Examples of
		discussion of problems and calculations)
0		10. Students are able to understand about evaporation,
U		infiltration, from ground level
		11. Students are able to understand about

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	groundwater extraction by plants (Water Availability and Amount of water absorbed by
	plants and their calculations)
	12. Students are able to understand about uptake of
	groundwater by plants (Water Availability and
	Amount of water absorbed by plants and their
	calculations)
	13. Students are able to understand about water and
	energy balance in farmland
Content	1. Introduction, general characteristics of soil physics
	2. Soil as a dispersion system, phase properties and
	each component of soil material and particles
	(texture), properties and characteristics
	3. Continued manifestation of soil texture
	 Soil structure, porosity, manifestation of soil structure
	5. Strength and compaction, rheology and soil plasticity
	6. Groundwater potential, energy and retention,
	groundwater characteristic curve
	7. Continued discussion of sample questions
	8. Water flow in saturated and unsaturated soil
	(Examples of discussion of problems and
	calculations)
	9. Water flow in saturated and unsaturated soil
	(Examples of discussion of problems and
	calculations)
	10. Evaporation, infiltration, from ground level
	11. Groundwater extraction by plants (Water
	Availability and Amount of water absorbed by plants and their calculations)
	12. (Continued) Uptake of groundwater by plants
	(Water Availability and Amount of water absorbed
	by plants and their calculations)
	13. Water and energy balance in farmland
	14. Continuation and General Conclusion
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Jurnal review

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Μ	Reading List	 Daniel Hillel, 1982. Introduction To Soil Physics. Academic Press. New York. (buku Kedua) A Magnet B. Hartan, 2004. Cail Physics
0		John Wiley and Sons. New Jersey.
		3. Klute, A. 1986. Methods Of Soil Analysis. Part 1 – Physical And Mineralogical
D		Methods, Second Edition. Asa. Sssa. Wisconsin. USA.
U		 Lal, R dan M.K. Shukla, 2004. Principles of soil physics. Marcel Dekker, New York.716p. (Buku Utama)
		5. Balai Besar Litbang Sumberdaya Lahan Pertanian. Badan Penelitian dan
		Pengembangan Pertanian Departemen Pertanian 2016.
Е	Date of last amendment	10 July 2021





	Module Designation	Agroclimatology
N /	Code	PAG 20116
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	1 st semester/1 st year
0	Person responsible for the	Dr. Ir. Firdaus Sulaiman, M. Si.
U	module	Dr. Ir. Yakup, M. S.
		Dr. Ir. Zaidan Panji Negara, M. Sc.
		Fitra Gustiar, S. P., M. Si.
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
U	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
	self-study hours)	100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory
L		practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
		and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
Ε	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understand about scope of
п	learning outcomes	agroclimatology
		2. Students are able to understand about the role of
Λ		climate for agriculture
~		3. Students are able to understand about Earth's
		atmosphere
N		4. Students are able to understand about solar radiation
		5. Students are able to understand about air temperature
		6. Students are able to understand about temperature and
D		pidit growth
		Wind
		8 Students are able to understand about humidity
B		9 Students are able to understand about hydrological
		cycle clouds and rain
		10. Students are able to understand about Climate
0		classification. Tropical climate. Climate in Indonesia
		11. Students are able to understand about global warming
0		and climate change
U		12.Students are able to understand about the effect of
		climate on pests and plant diseases
	L	





		13.Students are able to understand about adaptation to
Μ	Content	1 Scope of agroclimatology
	Content	2 The role of climate for agriculture
		3 Farth's atmosphere
0		4 Solar radiation and Air temperature
		5 Temperature and plant growth
		6 Air Pressure and Wind
D		7 Humidity
		8 Hydrological cycle clouds and rain
		9 Climate classification
U		10 Tropical climate
		11 Climate in Indonesia
		12 Global warming and Climate change
L		13 The effect of climate on pests and plant diseases
		14 Adaptation to climate change
-	Examination forms	1 Essays questions
E		2 Pratical works
		3. Writing Case Paper
		4. Oral presentation
н	Reading list	1. Hatfield, J.L., Sivakumar, M.V.K., Prueger, J.H.
••		Agroclimatology (Agronomy Monographs) 1st Edition.
		ACSESS: 1st edition.
Δ		2. Balasubramanian, T.N. 2021, Agro-Climatology Advances
		and Challenges. New India Pub Agency Nipa.
		3. Veeranjanevulu Mahapatra. R. 2011. Agro Climatology:
N		Principles and Predictions.
		4. Stigter, K. 2010. Applied Agrometeorology. Springer
		Berlin Heidelberg.
D		5. Sahu, D.D., Patel, H.R., Chopada, M.C. 2013.
		Fundamentals of Agricultural Climatology. Agrobios.
		6. Mavi, H.S., Tupper, G.J. 2004. Agrometeorology Principles
B		and Applications of Climate Studies in Agriculture. CRC
		Press.
		7. Pritchard, S.G., Amthor, J.S. 1984. Crops and
0		Environmental Change. Food Products Press.
	Date of last amendment	30 June 2021
U		



Module Designation	Soil Fertility
Code	PTN 20116
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester/2 st year
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Dedik Budianta, MS.
module	2. Ir, Marsi, M.Sc, Ph.D.
	3. Dr. Ir. A. Napoleon, M.P.
	4. Dr. Ir. Agus Hermawan, M.S.
	5. Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, M.S.
	6. Dr. Ir. Madjid Rohim, M.S.
	7. Ir. Sabarudin, MSc. Ph.D.
	8. Ir. Siti Nurul Aidil Fitri, M.S.
	9. Dr. Ir. Madjid Rohim, M.S.
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
Workload (incl. Contact	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
hours,	100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory
self-study hours)	practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
	and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the module	
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	1. Students are able to explain why soil fertility is very important for agriculture.
	 Students are able to explain about factors affecting the plant growth and its measurements
	 Students are able to explain about factors affecting the soil nutrient availability for plant
	4. Students are able to explain about principles of soil and plant relationship for plant growth
	 Students are able to explain about soil nutrients for agriculture (Macro elements and its role for plant growth)
	 Students are able to explain about soil nutrients for agriculture (micro elements and its role for plant
	growth)

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	growth) 8. Students are able to explain about mechanisms nutrient uptake for plant growth
	9. Students are able to explain about an efforts to
	improve soil fertility (Soil Organic Matter)
	10. Students are able to explain about an efforts to
	improve soil fertility (Liming)
	11. Students are able to explain about an efforts to
	improve soil fertility (Ameliorant)
	12. Students are able to explain about soil fertility
	evaluation
Content	1. Introduction of soil fertility for agriculture (definition, function, history of soil fertility)
	2. Factors affecting the plant growth and its measurements
	3. Factors affecting the soil nutrient availability for plant
	4. Principles of soil and plant relationship for plant growth
	5. Soil nutrients for agriculture (Macro elements and its
	role for plant growth)
	6. Soil nutrients for agriculture (micro elements and its
	role for plant growth)
	7. Soil nutrients for agriculture (beneficial elements and its
	role for plant growth)
	8. Mechanisms nutrient uptake for plant growth
	9. Efforts to improve soil fertility (Soil Organic Matter)
	10. Efforts to improve soil fertility (Liming)
	11. Efforts to improve soil fertility (Ameliorant)
	12. Soil fertility evaluation
	13. Examination
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
	3. Writing Case Paper
	4. Oral presentation
Reading list	1. Adams, F. 1984. Soil Acidity and Liming. Soil Sci. Soc. Am. Inc. Madison. USA.
	2. Marschner, H. 1986. Mineral nutrition in Higher Plants.
	Academic. Press Inc. London. 674. P.
	3. Mengel, K. and E.A. Kirkby. 1987. Principles of plant
	nutrition. International Potash Institute. Bern,
	Switzerland. 687 p.



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	4. Nyakpa, M.Y., A.M. Lubis, M.A. Pulung, A.G. Amrah, A.
	Munawar, N. Hakim and G.B. Hong. 1985. Kesuburan
	Tanah. BKS PTN. WUAE Project, Palembang.
	5. Tisdale, S.L., W.L. Nelson, and J.D. Beaton. 1984. Soil
	Fertility and Fertilizer. Macmillan Pub. Co., New York.
	6. Budianta, D and D. Ristiani. 2013. Pengelolaan Kesuburan
	Tanah. Unsri Press
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 24115 Soil and Water Conservation
Semester (s) in which the	4 rd semester/2 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, M.S
module	Dr.Ir. Bakri
	Indepectan
Language	Compulsony Course
Teaching methods	Compulsory Course
Workload (incl. Contact	E hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours self-study hours)	for Contact Study: 120 minutes for structured academic
nours, sen-study nours,	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 Credits
Required and recommended	Students Have Received Lecture Materials:
prerequisite for joining the	Soil Science Fundamentals
module	Soil Physics
	Soil Chemistry
Module objectives/intended	1. Student have an understanding of the Definition of
learning outcomes	Soil and Water Conservation;
	2. Student have an understanding of the erosion
	processes and mechanisms;
	3. Student have an understanding and knowing the
	consequences caused by erosion and losses due to erosion:
	4. Student have an understanding and ability about
	water cycles and equations as well as prediction and
	measurement of surface runoff;
	5. Student have an understanding and ability to explain
	the factors that influence erosion such as rainfall,
	soil, slopes, and vegetation;
	6. Student have an understanding and ability calculate
	and predict erosion;
	erosion control methods:
	8. Student have an understanding about the causes of
	landslides and floods
	9. Student have an understanding and ability about the
	mitigation actions that must be taken



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Content	1. Learning contract, RPS explanation, Scope of Soli
	and water conservation
	2. Process and Mechanism of Erosion. The process of
	erosion occurs in 3 phases: erosion, transport and
	deposition; Erosion-causing agents: water and
	wind; Rainfall properties that affect erosion;
	Erosion forms; Erosion that can still be allowed
	3. Water cycle; Water equation; Discharge
	measurement and surface runoff prediction
	4. Factors Affecting Erosion. Climate factors (rainfall):
	the amount of CH, intensity, distribution, Soil
	factors: structure, organic matter, permeability,
	texture. Topographic factors: the length of the
	slope and the slope of the slope. Vegetation
	factors: plant roots, canopy and litter
	5. Calculation of the amount of erosion: Calculation
	of erosion in the experimental plot
	6. Erosion prediction (USLE and RUSLE): Erosion
	mapping (Iso erodent line)
	7. Erosion Measurement in Watershed: Monitoring of
	erosion in the field and watershed
	8. Soil Conservation Methods in Erosion Control. Soil
	Conservation Methods in Erosion Control:
	Mechanical methods: tillage, terraces, guluds,
	conservation channels, rorak, (making and
	measuring)
	9 Soil Conservation Methods in Frosion Control
	Vegetation methods: cronning according to
	contour multiple cronning cronning in STRIP
	rotation cover cropping
	10. Problems caused by presion. In situ damage. Water
	hody damage
	11 Problems caused by presion. Downstream damage
	floods and landslides
	12 Eloads and Landslides. Causes and control of floods
	and landslides
	13 Land canability class as the basis for conservation
	farming
	14 Examples of erosion and flood damage in South
	Sumatra and Indonesia
Examination forms	1 Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3 Group discussion





Reading List	 Arsyad, S. 2010. Soil and Water Conservation. 2nd Edition. Bogor: IPB Press. Barus, et al. 2011. Final Report Preparation of Criteria for Critical Land. Bogor: Central Regional Development Assessment (P4W) Bogor Agricultural University. Frederick R. Troeh, J. Arthur Hobbs, Roy L. Donahue; 1980, Rev. ed. of: Soil and water conservation for productivity and environmental protection, by Prentice-Hall, Inc, Englewood Cliffs Glenn O. Schwab et all, 1981. Soil and Water Coservation Engineering (Third edition); by Jhon and Willey & Sons . Inc
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 24215 Soil Morphology and Classification
Semester (s) in which the	4 rd semester/2 nd year
module is taught	- Seniesteryz yeur
Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Dwi Setyawan, M.Sc
module	2. Dr. Ir. Warsito, M.P
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are expected to have an understanding Soil
learning outcomes	Diversity, Morphology-genesis-soil classification
	trilogy, Definition and History of Classification,
	Purpose and Benefits of Soil Classification, Barriers and
	Opportunities for Development of Soli Classification
	2. Students are expected to have an understanding and
	2 Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to explain and distinguish soil morphological
	characteristics
	4 Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to explain the five soil forming factors
	5. Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to explain four groups of soil formation
	processes (pedogenesis)
	6. Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to explain taxa (category) in Soil Taxonomy;
	7. Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to classify a soil profile correctly using the Soil
	Taxonomy system
	8. Students are expected to have an understanding and
	be able to assess the potential of the main soils based
	on the soil classification
	9. Students are expected to have an understanding about
	main lands in Indonesia: 1.Geographical distribution of
	the main lands in Indonesia, 2.Potentials, problems
	and utilization of various types of soil in Indonesia, 3.
	Applied aspects in surveys and land mapping



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Content	 Introduction 1. Soil Diversity, 2. Morphology- genesis-soil classification trilogy, 3. Definition and History of Classification, 4. Purpose and Benefits of Soil Classification, 5. Barriers and Opportunities for Development of Soil Classification
	 Introduction of land in the field: 1.Soil profile: how to prepare, observe and interpret observations, 2. The composition of the main horizon, additional characterizing horizons, correlation of horizon characteristics, 3.Environmental factors of soil formation, 4. Correlation of laboratory data
	3. Continued
	 Soil forming factors: 1.Effect of soil parent material 2.Topographic factors, 3. Contribution of biota and vegetation, 4.Climate influence, 5.The concept of time
	5. Continued
	6. Soil formation processes.
	7. Continued
	8. Introduction to Soil Classification System
	9. USDA Land Taxonomy
	10. USDA Land Taxonomy
	11. FAO/ UNESCO system
	12. PPT system
	 Main lands in Indonesia: 1.Geographical distribution of the main lands in Indonesia, 2.Potentials, problems and utilization of various types of soil in Indonesia, 3.Applied aspects in surveys and land mapping
	14. Continued
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper

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М	Reading List	 Luthfi Rayes. 2006. Deskripsi profil tanah di lapangan. UP Fakultas Pertanian Universitas Brawijaya, Malang.
Ο		2. Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil Taxonomy A Basic System of Soil Classification for Making and Interpreting Soil Surveys. Second Edition.
D		States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service.
U		3. Soil Survey Staff. 2010. Keys to Soil Taxonomy. Eleventh edition. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation
	Date of last amendment	30 July 2021





Module Designation	PTN 24315 Geodetic Surveying and Cartography
Semester (s) in which the	4 rd semester/2 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Dra. Dwi Probowati Sulistyani M.S.
module	2. Dr. Ir. Momon Sodik Imanudin M.Sc
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are expected to be able to explain the
learning outcomes	scope of soil geodetic surveying and cartography, t
	work carried out in soil surveying and its mapping
	the purposes of land and land evaluation studies,
	planning, and as a basis for studying sciences relat
	to soil and land in general.
	2. Students understand and understand in writing the
	general and specific objectives of the Soil Surveyin
	and Cartography course, mentioning the definition
	and function of measuring soil in agriculture and it
	mapping, mentioning factors that affect soil mapp
	and explaining the process of soil mapping as well
	explaining the concept of mapping soil and soil type
	3. Students recognize and understand data sources
	from remote sensing images and can also recogniz
	data directly in the field and digitally
	4 Provide understanding in describing the meaning of
	symbols on the man, how to present them on a ma
	describing the relationship between reading and
	analyzing mans, explaining the meaning in man
	E Understand what man projection is and he able to
	5. Onderstand what map projection is and be able to
	explain the importance of map projection, and also
	Understand the approximate of map scale
	b. Understand the correct measurement method,
	explain the use of simple soil measuring tools,
	explain the basics of measuring height differences,



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Content	 profile planes and transverse flat properties, determine coordinates correctly 7. Understanding of the method of making detailed topographic maps using soil measuring instruments and students can find out, learn methods of making detailed soil maps using soil measuring instruments 1. The general and specific objectives of Soil Surveying and Cartography courses 2. The factors in terms of mapping in accordance with the rules of soil cartography. 3. Definition of Cartography, Scope of Cartography Map Definition , Kinds of Maps and their Scope 4. Understanding Map Elements: Definition of map elements Map meaning and function 5. Understanding Lettering in Cartography Lettering type, Strengths and weaknesses of each Lettering Selection of the type of lettering and its depiction. Informative letter placement 6. Kinds of data sources, Data from Remote Sensing Data from direct measurement, Digital data, Data from existing maps. 7. Understanding Map Projections 9. Measurement Method 10. Simple measuring tools 11. measurement method under different conditions of height, profile and cross-sectional data 12. Coordinate point determination method 13. Making Topographic Maps as a result of measurements 14. Land Map Making and Result of measurement
Examination forms	 1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper 3. Quiz
Reading List	 Wongsocitro, 1994, Cartography, Kanisius Yogyakarta Sutanto, 1986. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing Umaryono, P., 1986, Soil Surveying Series C, Topographic Mapping Jur. Geodetic Engineering, FTSP, ITB
Date of last amendment	20 July 2021





	Module Designation	PTN 24515 Land Ecology
Л	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 th semester/4 th year
	Person responsible for the	1. Sabaruddin, Ph.D.
	module	2. Dr. A. Napoleon
C	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
D	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning, Case-based learning
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for
J	hours, self-study hours)	Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
L	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
E	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to explainWhat is Ecology, Land and Landscape, Students are able to explain concepts on Landscape
н		Ecology: Some Basic Concepts in Landscape Ecology3. Students are able to explain the spatial Heterogeneity4. Students are able to explain the landscape Heterogeneity
A		 Students are able to explain the landscape Structure Students are able to explain the landscape Pattern Quantification
N		 Students are able to explain about Ecological Ethics Students are able to explain about wetland Ecology: Riparian Swamp
		9. Students are able to explain about wetland Ecology:
D		10. Students are able to explain about ecological Disturbances: Natural
B		11. Students are able to explain about ecological Disturbances: Anthropogenic
	Content	 Introduction: Explanation of Syllabus, Rules, Assessment, Reading Materials, Lecture Schedule;
0		What is Ecology, Land and Landscape,
		2. Ecology
		3. Land and Landscape
0		4. Concepts on Landscape Ecology
		5. Some Basic Concepts in Landscape Ecology
		6. Spatial Heterogeneity

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		7. Landscape Heterogeneity
		8. Landscape Structure
		9. Landscape Pattern Quantification
		10. Introduction to Ecological Ethics
		11. Wetland Ecology: Riparian Swamp
C		12. Wetland Ecology: Tidal Swamp
		13. Ecological Disturbances: Natural
		14. Ecological Disturbances: Anthropogenic
D	Examination forms	1. Write essays
		2. Field works
		3. Group Assignment
	Reading List	Baum, K. A., K. J. Haynes, F. P. Dillemuth, and J. T. DCronin.
		2004. The matrix enhances the effectiveness of
		corridors and stepping stones. Ecology 85:2671-
		2676.
		Belisle, M. 2005. Measuring landscape connectivity: The
		challenge of behavioral landscape ecology. Ecology
		86:1988-1995.
		Burrough, Peter A. and Rachael A. McDonnell. 1998. Errors
		and Quality Control. Chapter 9 in Principles of
		Geographical Information Systems. Oxford Univ.
		Press, Oxford. pp.220-240.
		Buyantuyev, A., and J. Wu. 2007. Effects of thematic
		resolution on landscape pattern analysis. Landscape
		Ecology 22:7-13.
4		Cleary, D. F. R., M. J. Genner, T. J. B. Boyle, T. Setyawati, C.
		D. Angraeti, and S. B. Menken. 2005. Associations of
		bird species richness and community composition
N		with local- and landscape-scale environmental
		factors in Borneo. Landscape Ecology 20:989-1001.
		FAO. 1977. A framework for land evaluation. ILRI.
D		Ferraz, G., J. D. Nichols, J. E. Hines, P. C. Stouffer, R. O.
		Bierregaard, and T. E. Lovejoy. 2007. <u>A large-scale</u>
		deforestation experiment: Effects of patch area and
B		isolation on Amazon birds. Science 315:238-241.
		Fortin, MJ., M. R. T. Dale, and J. ver Hoef. 2002. Spatial
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	cology. Spatial neterogeneity in ecological systems.



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Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 23415 Soil Microbiology
Semester (s) in which the	3 rd semester/2 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Nuni Gofar
module	2. Dr. Ir. A. Majid, M.S.
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for
hours, self-study hours)	Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and	-
recommended prerequisite	
for joining the module	
Module	1. Students are able to explain the scope of microbes
objectives/intended	and morphological classification, taxonomy, ecology,
learning outcomes	and the role of microbes as data providers
	2. Students are able to explain the scope of soil
	microbiology
	3. Students are able to explain the microbial cultivation
	4. Students are able to explain the methods for
	Studying Soli Microbes
	5. Students are able to explain the isolation and selection techniques
	 Students are able to measuring microbial activity in soil
	 Students are able to explain the techniques for isolation, selection, propagation, and application of nitrogen-fixing bacteria
	8. Students are able to explain the techniques for
	isolation, selection, propagation, and application of
	phosphate and potassium solubilizing microbes
	9. Students are able to explain the techniques for
	isolation, selection, propagation and application of
	aggregate-strengthening microbes
	10. Students are able to explain the techniques for
	isolation, selection, propagation and application of
	decomposer microbes
	11. Students are able to explain the microbiome,
	isolation techniques, selection, propagation and
	application of plant growth-promoting microbes
	12. Students are able to explain the interactions between


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	microbes in the soil 13. Students are able to explain the interactions between soil microbes and plants
Content	 Introduction Morphological classification, taxonomy, ecology, and the role of microbes as data providers Microbial Ecology Microbial cultivation Methods for Studying Soil Microbes Isolation and selection techniques Measuring microbial activity in soil Techniques for isolation, selection, propagation, and application of nitrogen-fixing bacteria Techniques for isolation, selection, propagation, and application of phosphate and potassium solubilizing microbes Techniques for isolation, selection, propagation and application of aggregate-strengthening microbes Techniques for isolation techniques, selection, propagation and application of plant growth- promoting microbes Interactions between microbes in the soil Interactions between soil microbes and plants
Reading List	 Writing paper O'Flaherty, V. et al. 2010. Environmental Microbiology. John Wiley & Sons. Bello, B.O. 2015. Soil Microbiology. Edition: First.
	 Publisher: Lab Lambart Publishing, Acadmic Publising, OmniScriptum GmbH & Co, Kg, Deutschland, Germany. Editor: Prof S . Frazier. ISBN: 978-3-659-77893-3_ 3. Hanafiah, K.A., A. Napoleon, Nuni Gofar. 2015. Biologi Tanah, Ekologi dan Mikrobiologi Tanah. Rajawali Press.
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation	Plant Physiology
Code	PAG 114216
Semester (s) in which the	3 rd semester/2 st year
module is taught	-
Person responsible for the	Prof. Dr. Ir. Rujito Agus Suwignyo, M. Agr.
module	Dr. Irmawati, S. P., M. Si., M. Sc.
	Dr. Ir. Mery Hasmeda, M. Sc.
	Dr. Ir. Susilawati, M. Si.
	Dr. Ir. M. Umar Harun, M. S.
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
Workload (incl. Contact	Lectures = 1400 minutes
hours,	Practicum = 2040 minutes
self-study hours)	Structured assignment = 1440 minutes
	Self-study = 1440 minutes
	Exam = 220 minutes
Cradit paints	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
Credit points	Presed DAC 10011C
proroquisite for joining the	Passed PAG 109110
prerequisite for joining the	
	1. Concluse of understanding describing and
Niodule objectives/intended	1. Capable of understanding, describing and
learning outcomes	physiology
	2 Canable of understanding describing and
	explaining anatomy cell structure and plant tissue
	3. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explaining plant and water relationship.
	4. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingphysiologial function of water in plants.
	5. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingplant growth regulator.
	6. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingphotosynthesis.
	7. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingphotosynthesis and plant growth.
	8. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingplant respiration.
	9. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explaining factors affected respiration and
	iotorespiration.







	10. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingenzyme 1.
	11. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingenzyme 2.
	12. Capable of understanding, describing and explaining
	plant growth and development.
	13. Capable of understanding, describing and
	explainingplant growth analysis.
	biomass, yield and yield components, harvest index.
Content	1. Introduction, basic concept, and scope of crop
	Physiology.
	2. Anatomy, cell structure and plant tissue.
	3. Plant and water relationship.
	4. Physiologial function of water.
	5. Plant growth regulator.
	6. Photosynthesis.
	7. Photosynthesis and plant growth.
	8. Plant respiration.
	9. Factors affected respiration and fotorespiration.
	10.Enzyme 1.
	11.Enzyme 2.
	12. Plant growth and development.
	13. Plant growth analysis.
	14. Biomass, yield and yield components, harvest index.
xamination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
	3. Writing Case Paper
	4. Oral presentation
Reading list	1. Fitter, A.H., Hay, R.K.M. 2002. Environmental Physiology
č	of Plants. Academic Press.
	2. Luttge, U. 2008. Physiological Ecology of Topical Plants.
	Springer.
	3. Hay, R., Porter, 2006. The Physiology of Crop Yield.
	Blackwell Publishing.
	4. Sadras, W.O., Calderini, D.F. 2009, Crop Physiology
	Applications for Genetic Improvement and Agronomy
	Academic Press
	5 Wilking M.B. 1080 Advanced Dlant Dhysiology Longman
	Scientific and Technical
	6 Possarkli M 2004 Handbook of Photosynthesis Second

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M 7. Rao, K.V.M., Raghavendra, A.S., Reddy, Physiology and Molecular Biology of Str	K.J. 2006. ess Tolerance in
Physiology and Molecular Biology of Str	ess Tolerance in
Plants. Springer.	
8. Foster, G.D., Johansen, I.E., Hong, Y., Na	agy, P.D. 2008.
Plant Virology Protocols from Viral Sequ	uence to Protein
Function. Humana Press.	
9. Hawkesford, M.J., Barraclough. 2011. T	he Molecular and
Physiological Basis of Nutrient Use Effic	ency in Crops.
10.Khan, M.A., Weber, D.J. 2008. Ecophysic	ology of high
Salinity Tolerant Plants. Springer.	
11.VK Jain. 2017. Fundamentals of Plant Pl	nysiology. Schand.
12. Lambers, H., Chapin III, F.S. 2008. Plant	Physiological
Ecology. Springer.	
13.Stewart, P., Globig, S. 2012. Plant Physic	ology. Apple
Academic Press.	
F 14. William, G.H., Norman., Honer, P.A- Intr	roduction to Plant
Physiology	
15.Nobel, P. 2009. Physicochemical and En	vironmental Plant
Physiology. Elsevier.	
H 16.Scott, P. 2008. Physiology and Behavior	of Plants. Wiley.
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Storage of Fresh Produce. CABI Publishi	ng.
A Date of last amendment 30 June 2021	



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Module Designation PTN 35615 Agricultural Waste Management Semester (s) in which the module is taught 5 th semester/3 rd year Person responsible for the module 1. Sabaruddin, Ph.D. Language Indonesian Relation to curriculum Compulsory Course Teaching methods Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours) 5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for self-study per week Credit points 3 credits Required and recommended perequisite for joining the module - Module objectives/intended learning outcomes 1. Students are able to explain the scope of Agricultural Waste management; Agricultural Activities and Pollution Potential: Types of Agricultural Waste (Organic and Inorganic waste); Why is Agricultural Waste (Organic and Inorganic waste); Why is Agricultural Waste orbolem? (Case Study 3. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management Paradigm, From waste to Worth, Co benefit Approach (Example of Implementation) S. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management (case study) Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Landfilling, S. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Composting Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Singas Production		
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Module objectives/intended learning outcomes 1. Students are able to explain the scope of Agricultural Waste management; Agricultural History; Agriculture and Waste, 2. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Activities and Pollution Potential: Types of Agricultural Waste (Organic and Inorganic waste); Why is Agricultural Waste a Problem? (Case Study 3. Students are able to explain the 3R-concept in Waste Management 4. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management Paradigm, From waste to Worth,Co benefit Approach (Example of Implementation) 5. Students are able to explain the Value-added Agricultural Waste Management 6. Example of Value-added Agricultural Waste Management (case study) 7. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Landfilling, 8. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Composting 9. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Land Application 10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste Management System: Land Application	prerequisite for joining the	
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 8. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Composting 9. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Land Application 10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Biogas Production 		Management System: Landfilling,
 Management System: Composting 9. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Land Application 10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Biogas Production 11. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast 		8. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste
 9. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Land Application 10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Biogas Production 11. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast 		Management System: Composting
Management System: Land Application 10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Biogas Production		9. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste
10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast Management System: Biogas Production		Management System: Land Application
Management System: Biogas Production		10. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste
		Management System: Biogas Production
11. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast		11. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste
Management System: Mulching		Management System: Mulching
12. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Wast		12. Students are able to explain the Agricultural Waste

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ALL ALAY PENGAMBAN	
	Management System: Biochar. 13. Students are able to explain the Legal Aspects of Waste Management in Indonesia,
Content	 Introduction: Description of the Course; Scope of Agricultural Waste management; Agricultural History; Agriculture and Waste, Agricultural Activities and Pollution Potential: Types of Agricultural Waste (Organic and Inorganic waste); Why is Agricultural Waste a Problem? (Case Study), Introduction to Waste Management and The 3R- concept Agricultural Waste Management Paradigm, From waste to Worth,Co-benefit Approach (Example of Implementation) Value-added Agricultural Waste Management Example of Value-added Agricultural Waste Management (case study) Agricultural Waste Management System: Landfilling, Agricultural Waste Management System: Composting Agricultural Waste Management System: Land Application Agricultural Waste Management System: Biogas Production
Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper Group Assignment
Reading List	 Bajoriene, K., D. Jodaugiene, R. Pupaliene, A. Sinkeviciene. 2013. Effect of organic mulches on the content of organic carbon in the soil. Estonian J of Ecol, 62(2):100–106. Bin Wang, Faqin Dong, Mengjun Chen, Jingping Zhu, Jiangyue Tan, Xinmei Fu, Youzhi Wang, Shu Chen. 2016. Advances in recycling and utilization of agricultural wastes in China: Based on

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factors, policy mechanisms. Procedia Environmental
Sciences 31:12 – 17.
4. Cohen, E, and G. Yom Din. 2010. Agricultural Waste
Management: Case Study of a Waste Treatment Plant
for Animal Manure. SSRN Electronic Journal 1-17.
Environmental Agency. 2001. Towards sustainable
agricultural waste management. R&D
5. Technical Report P1-399/1, UK. FAO. 2015. The State of
Food and Agriculture Social protection and agriculture:
breaking the cycle of rural poverty. The Food and
Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).
6. Giovannucci, D., S. Scherr, D. Nierenberg, C.
Hebebrand, J. Shapiro, J. Milder, and K. Wheeler. 2012.
Food and Agriculture: the future of sustainability. A
strategic input to the Sustainable Development in the
21st Century (SD21) project. New York: United Nations
Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Division for
Sustainable Development.
7. Hoornweg, D. and P. Bhada-Tata. 2012. What a waste:
A Global Review of Solid Waste Management. World
Bank.
8. Hussain I., L. Raschid, M. A. Hanjra, F. Marikar, and W.
van der Hoek. 2002. Wastewater use in agriculture:
Review of impacts and methodological issues in valuing
impacts. Working Paper 37. Colombo, Sri Lanka:
International Water Management Institute.
9. Jacobs. The Best Management Practices for
Agricultural Waste Management. The Canada-Prince
10. Edward Island Water. Framework Agreement for
Environmental Cooperation in Atlantic Canada.
11. Kaza, Silpa, Lisa Yao, Perinaz Bhada-Tata, and Frank
Van Woerden. 2018. What a Waste 2.0: A Global
Snapshot of Solid Waste Management to 2050. Urban
Development Series. Washington, DC: World Bank.
doi:10.1596/978-1-4648-1329-0. License: Creative
Commons Attribution CC BY 3.0 IGO.
12. Obi, F. O., B. O. Ugwuishiwu, and J. N Nwakaire. 2016.
Agricultural Waste Concept, Generation, Utilization,
and Management. Nigerian Journal of Tech 35 (4): 957
– 964.





	13. Sarkar, N., S. K. Ghosh, S. Bannerjee, K. Aikat. 2012.
	Bioethanol production from agricultural wastes: An
	overview. Renewable Energy 37: 19-27.
	14. Winpenny, J., I. Heinz, and S. Koo-Oshima. 2010. The
	wealth of waste: The economics of wastewater use in
	agriculture. FAO, Rome.
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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	Module Designation	Experimental Design
ŊЛ	Code	PER 24116
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester/2 nd year
0	Person responsible for the	Prof. Dr. Ir.ni Gofar
U	module	Dr. Ir. Dwi Styawan, M. Sc.
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
	Workload (incl. Contact	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of
U	hours,	100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory
	self-study hours)	practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
		and 120 minutes for self-study per week
L	Credit points	3 credits (2 credits theory and 1 practice)
	Required and recommended	Passed PER 21115
	prerequisite for joining the	
E	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to identify basic concepts of
	learning outcomes	experimental design, experimental components
		anotypes.
		completedesign (RCD) experiment and analyze the
		data.
Δ		3. Students are able to design a randomized complete
		block design (RCBD) experiment and analyze the
		data.
Ν		4. Students are able to design an RCD and RCBD
		experiment with sub-sampling and analyze the
		data.
D		5. Students are able to design an RCD and RCDD experiment with repeated measurement and
		analyzethe data.
		6. Students are able to test violations of the ANOVA
B		assumptions, calculate the data transformation,
		andapply the new robust ANOVA for single factor
		experiment.
0		7. Students are able to perform the post-Hoc analyses
		ofsingle factor experiment and displaying the results
		ot statistical analysis.
Ο		 students are able to design and analyze the
		data.
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	 Students are able to design a factorial randomizedcomplete block design and analyze the data.
	10. Students are able to design an incomplete factorialdesign and analyze the data.
	11. Students are able to design a split plot design and analyze the data.
	12. Students are able to test the violations of the ANOVAassumptions, calculate the data transformation, and perform a new robust ANOVA for two factor experimental.
	 Students are able to perform the post-hoc analyses oftwo factor experimental design. Students are able to report the results of statistical tests for two factor experiment.
Content	 for two factor experiment. 1. The basic concepts of experimental design, experimental components and types 2. Single factor experimental design –randomized complete design (RCD) (assumption, randomization,layout, linier model, and ANOVA) 3. Single factor experimental design –randomized complete block design (RCBD) assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, and ANOVA) 4. Single factor experimental design –RCD and RCBDwith sub-sampling (assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, and ANOVA) 5. Single factor experimental design –RCD and RCBDwith repeated measurement (assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, and ANOVA) 6. Violations of the ANOVA assumptions, data transformation, and new robust ANOVA for singlefactor experimental design 7. Post-Hoc analyses of single factor experiment anddisplaying results of statistical tests 8. Two factor experimental design – factorial randomization, layout, linier model, and ANOVA) 9. Two factor experimental design – factorial
	9. Two factor experimental design – factorial



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Л		randomized complete block design (assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, and
		ANOVA)
		10. Two factor experimental design – incomplete
C		factorialdesign (assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, and ANOVA)
		11. Two factor experimental design – split plot design
)		(assumption, randomization, layout, linier model, andANOVA)
		12. Violations of the ANOVA assumptions, data
		transformation, and new robust ANOVA for
,		twofactor experimental design
		13. Post-hoc analyses of two factor experimental
		design
		14. Displaying results of statistical tests for two
		factorexperiment
	Examination forms	1. Essays questions
		2. Pratical works
		3. Writing Case Paper
		4. Oral presentation
	Reading list	 Kwanchai A. Gomez, Arturo A. Gomez. 1984. Statistical Procedures for Agricultural Research. AWiley-Interscience publication.
		 McDonald, J.H. 2014. Handbook of Biological Statistics(3rd ed.). Sparky House Publishing, Baltimore, Maryland.
	Date of last amendment	14 Oktober 2021



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	A SULARY DENGABOLA	
	Module Designation	PTN 35115 Agrohydrology
	Semester (s) in which the	5 rd semester/3 nd year
M	module is taught	
	Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Bakri, M.P
	module	2. Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, M.S.
0		3. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanudin, S.P., M.Sc.
		4. Dr. Ir. Warsito, M.P.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
L	Credit points	3 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
E	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understanding and explain the
	learning outcomes	cycle and availability of water in nature and
		2. Students are able to understanding and explain the
H		principles in water use and management, as well as
		5. Students are able to understanding and explain
		agriculture in a broad sense
Α		A Student are able to understanding Social Interests
		and Engineering Relationships: Water Equilibrium or
		Mass Equilibrium
Ν		5. Student are able to understanding Meteorology
		(Atmosphere, Water Vapor, Solar Energy, Wind,
		Temperature, Data Diversity)
D		6. Student are able to understanding Watersheds
		(DAS), Rain Formation, Rain Classification
		7. Student are able to explain water balance in a
R		watershed area
		8. Student are able to explain Measurement Methods
		(Water Level, Flow Meter, Dissolution, Float, Indirect
0		Method using Manning's equation, Hydrograph
		properties (Hydrograph notes, river type with river
		flow hydrograph analysis
0		9. Student are able to process Watershed Data,
		concentration time (Izzard Formula. Kerby Equation,
		Kirpich Equation)



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Content	1. INTRODUCTION
	2. METEOROLOGY AND HYDROLOGICAL CYCLE
	3. NATURE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF RIVER FLOW REGIONS (DAS)
	4. RAIN
	5. INFILTRATION AND EVAPOTRANSPIRATION
	6. WATER BALANCE
	7. FLOW MEASUREMENT
	8. HYDROGRAPH
	9. SYNTHETIC HYDROGRAPH
	10. FLOW IDENTIFICATION
	11. PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS FOR HYDROLOGY
	12. GROUNDWATER HYDROLOGY
	13. BIGGEST VOLUME AND DEBIT MANAGEMENT
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Jurnal review
Reading List	
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 35215 Soil Biotechnology
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	5 rd semester/3 nd year
Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Adipati Napoleon, M.P
module	2. Ir. Sabaruddin, M.Sc., Ph.D
	3. Dr. Ir. Abdul Madjid R
Language	Indonesian and English
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are to gain knowledge and be able to
learning outcomes	understand the relationship between soil microbes and plants,
	 Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand the role of soil microorganisms in agricultural systems
	 Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand the symbiosis of soil microorganisms with plants
	 Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand the pollution and its effects on soil organisms
	5. Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand the benefits of soil microbes as biological control agents,
	6. Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand the about soil bioremediation
	7. Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand biofertilizers (inoculants).
	 Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand about composting tochnology.
	 Students are to gain knowledge and be able to understand about enzymes and microbial products in the soil and
	10. Students are to gain knowledge and he able to



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Content	1. Introduction, Scope of Soil Biotechnology
	2. Soil Biotechnology Development
	3. Sapropit microorganisms, role in the decomposition
	process in soil
	4. Soil Healthy
	5. Saprophytic microorganisms, roles in nutrient
	cycling processes in soil
	6. Enzymes in the soil
	7. Symbiosis of soil microorganisms with plants
	8. Soil Biodiversity (Soil Macrooganism)
	9. Soil Biodiversity (Soil Microoganism)
	10. The role of soil microorganisms in agricultural
	systems
	11. Pollution and its effects on soil organisms
	12. Soil bioremediation
	13. Management of soil organisms
	14. Organic Farming
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Jurnal revew
Reading List	1. Bardgett, R.D. 2008. The Biology of Soil: A community
	and ecosystem approach. Oxford Univ. Press.
	2. Tate, R.L. 2021. Soil Microbiology. John Wiley and Sons,
	Inc.
	3. Lynch, J.M.,1982. Soil Biotechnology. Blackwell
	Scientific Publ. Oxfprd London.
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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Module Designation PTN 35315 Land Survey and Evaluation	n
Semester (s) in which the 5 rd semester/3 nd year	
Person responsible for the 1 Dra Dwi Probowati Sulistvani N	л s
module 2 Dr. Ir. Muh Bambang Pravitno i	M Δgr
3 Dr. Ir. Warsito M.P.	
Language Indonesian	
D Relation to curriculum Compulsory Course	
Teaching methods Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning	ning
Workload (incl. Contact 5 hours and 40 minutes of total worklo	oad: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours) for Contact Study; 120 minutes for stru	uctured academic
assignment and 120 minutes for self-s	tudy per week
Credit points 3 credits	
Required and recommended -	
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
E Module objectives/intended 1. Students are expected to have an	understanding of
learning outcomes the scope of Land Surveys and Lar	d Evaluation,
especially in Indonesia,	<u>.</u>
2. to be able to identify the basic cor	icepts of land
Surveys and land evaluations,	
3. to be able to explain the methods	of land surveys
and land evaluations,	ity in conoral
4. to have an understanding and ability about land survey methods and la	nd ovaluation land
about failu survey methods and fa	riculturo
5 Students are expected to have an	understanding of
N the scope of Land Survey and Land	+ Evaluation
especially in Indonesia	
6. Students are expected to have the	ability to identify
The basic concepts of land survey	and land
evaluation.	
7. Students are expected to have the	understanding
and ability to explain the methods	of land survey and
land evaluation.	- , ,
8. Students are expected to have an	understanding and
ability in general about soil survey	methods and land
evaluation and their application in	agriculture.
9. Students can know and explain ab	out Land Survey
Planning.	
10. Students can know and explain the	e basic concepts of
land surveys, survey accuracy, sur	vey stages.

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	 11. Students can explain the land potential analysis method. 12. Students can know and explain about land use planning methods based on the framework of land suitability assessment and land capability and spatial planning and its application in agriculture
Content	 Introduction: definition and scope, aspects of the study, land survey and land evaluation Land method land survey approach and evaluation An understanding of the types of surveys, the scale, purpose, and level of precision of land surveys An understanding of the stages that must be carried out in carrying out activities starting from preparation until the presentation of the results of land survey activities Understanding of planning soil survey activities starting from the preparation of materials and tools, budget plan, time schedule, soil observation activities in the field, parameters observed in the
	 field and in the laboratory, sampling, laboratory analysis and interpretation of data for planned activities 6. Understanding of basic concepts and frameworks for land evaluation for agriculture 7. Land evaluation system 8. Understanding of technical methods of land suitability assessment for agricultural commodities 9. Understanding of technical methods of land canability assessment
	 Implementation and case studies of planning for agricultural land survey and evaluation activities Implementasi dan studi kasus perencanaan kegiatan survei dan evaluasi lahan dilahan rawa lebak Implementation and planning case studies land survey and evaluation activities on tidal land Implementation and case studies of planning for land survey and evaluation activities on dry land
	14. Implementation and case studies of planning survey and evaluation activities on peatlands
Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper Quiz



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Reading List	 Anonymous. 2012. Regulation of the Minister of Agriculture number: 05/Permentan/CT.140/8/2012 concerning: Guidelines for the Development of Agricultural Areas.
	 Beek, K.J., P.A. Burrough, and D.E McCormack. 1986. Quantified Land Evaluation Procedures. ITC Publication No. 6.
	 Pregnant, E.S. 1981. Assessments of the effects on yield of variations in climate and soil characteristics for twenty crops species. AGOF/INS/78/006, Technical Note No 12. Center for Soil research. Bogor. Indonesia
	 4. CSR/FAO. 1983. Reconnaissance Land Resource Survey 1:250.000 scale. Atlas Format Procedures. Land Resources Evaluation with Emphasis on Outer I Island Project. CSR/FAO Indonesia AGOFANS/78/006. Manual 4 version 1.
	 Djaenudin, D., Basuni, S. Hardjowigeno, H. Subagyo, M. Soekardi, Ismangun, Marsoedi Ds., N. Suharta, L. Hakim, Widagdo, J. Dai, V. Suwandi, S. Bachri, and E.R. Jordan. 1994. Land Suitability for Agricultural and Silvicultural Plants. wipe. Tech. No. 7 Ver.1.0. LREP-II Part C. CSAR, Bogor.
	 Djaenudin, D., Marwan H., Hidayatullah, K. Nugroho, E.R. Jordans, A.J.J. v.d. Eelaart, and D.G. rosters. 1997. Standard Procedures for Land Evaluation. Technical Report No. 18 Version 3.0 LREP-II Part C. CSAR. Bogor
	 7. Djaenudin, D., Nata Suharta, Marwan, H., Anny M., and M. Soekardi. 1996. Terms of Reference for Evaluation of Land Resources to Support Regional Spatial Planning for Provinces at Level I Regions (RTRWPD I) Part. Pro. Research on Land Resources and Agroclimate. Puslittanak, version 1.0.
	 Djaenudin, D., Marwan, H., H. Subagyo, A. Mulyani, and Nata Suharta. 2000. Land Suitability Criteria for Agricultural Commodities. Version 3.0. September 2000. Research Center for Agricultural Research and Development Agency.

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	 9. Donald A Davidson. 1992. The Evaluation of Land Resources. Longman Scientific & Technical VS, New York. 10. Driessen. 1971. Parametric suitability of land. Soil Research Institute, Bogor. 11. FAO. 1976. A Framework for Land Evaluation. Soil Resources Management and Conservation Service Land and Water Development Division. FAO Soil Bulletin No. 32. FAO-UNO, Rome. 12. FAO. 1978. Guidelines for Soil Profile Description. FAO/UNESCO. Rome.
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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	Module Designation	PTN 35415 Soil, Water and Plant Analysis
M	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	5 rd semester/3 nd year
0	Person responsible for the module	 Dr. Ir. Marsi, M.Sc. Prof. Dr. Dedik Budianta, M.S. Dr. Agus Hermawan, M.T. Dr. Ir. Abdul Madjid Rohim, M.S.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 50 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
2	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Student have knowledge and understanding and ability about the principles, methods, and procedures for analyzing soil, water, and plants,
н		 Student have knowledge and understanding and ability to carrying out independent and group analyzes,
Α		 Student have knowledge and understanding and ability to interpreting the data from the analysis and Student have knowledge and understanding and
N		ability to calculating fertilization recommendation for plant cultivation.



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Content	 Introduction to Soil, Water and Plant Analysis Laboratory: Function, Organization, Safety and Equipment Chemical Principles: Reagents, Standard Solutions, Concentration Principles of Soil, Water and Plant Sampling Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: Total Elemental Analysis and Plant Analysis: Organic Matter and Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: Organic Matter and Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: P Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: S Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: SAR, EC Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: H-exch., Al-exch., Al saturation Soil, Water and Plant Analysis: K, Na, Ca, Mg
	 13. Data Interpretation 14. Recommendation
Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper Presentation and Group Discussion
Reading List	 FAO. 2020. Soil Testing Methods Manual. ISBN 978-92 5-131195-0 Moorberg, C.J. and Crouse, D.A. 2017. Soils Labor Soils Laboratory Manual. ISBN 978-1-944548-09-4. https://newprairiepress.org/ebooks/15/
	3. Kalra YP. 1998. Reference Methods for Plant Analysis. CRC Press.
	 Rosa Margesin and Franz Schinner. 2005. Manual for Soil Analysis –Monitoring and Assessing Soil Bioremediation. Springer.
	5. M.R. Carter and E.G. Gregorich. 2006. Soil Sampling an Methods of Analysis. Canadian Society of Soil Science
	6. Balai Penelitian Tanah. 2009. Petunjuk Teknis ANALISI KIMIA TANAH, TANAMAN, AIR, DAN PUPUK. Edisi 2.
	20 1.1.1. 2021



	Module Designation	Research Methods
	Code	PER 31116
IVI	Semester (s) in which the	6 th semester/3 rd year
	module is taught	
	Person responsible for the	Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, M.S
0	module	Dr. Ir. Dwi Setyawan, M. Sc.
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
D	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
U	self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
	module	
	Module objectives/intended	After completing the course :
E I	learning outcomes	1. students will be able to understand the philosophy
		and general concepts of research methods course
		material
		2. students will be able to understand on creativity and
н		extraction of scientific resource information; scientific
•••		writing, ethic and plagiarism
		3. students will be able to describe and apply the
Λ		principle of scientific research proposal writing;
A		scientific paper presentation; problem statement,
		hypothesis and frame of logical construct.
NI		4. students will be able to understand and describe type
N		of research, design and variable; data management,
		analysis and interpretation.
		5. students will be able to understand and describe
D		descriptive quantitative analysis research style;
		predictive and modelling research style.
		6. students will be able to understand and describe
B		research result discussion and conclusion; scientific
	Contont	1 Introduction
	Content	Introduction Creativity and Extraction of Scientific Posource
0		2. Creativity and Extraction of Scientific Resource
		3 Scientific Writing Ethic and Plagiarism
		4. Scientific Paper Presentation
0		5. Principle of Scientific Research Proposal Writing
		6. Problem Statement, Hypothesis and Frame of Logical
		Construct
1/		



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	7. Presentation of Student Group Case Study-I
	8. Type of Research, Design and Variable
	9. Data Management, analysis and Interpretation
	10. Descriptive Quantitative Analysis Research Style
	11. Predictive and Modelling Research Style
	12. Research Result Discussion and Conclusion
	13. Scientific Report Writing and Author Guideline
	14. Presentation of Student Group Case Study-I
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
	3. Writing Case Paper
	4. Oral presentation
Reading list	1.
Date of last amendment	14 Oktober 2021

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MLAT PERCON	
Module Designation	PTN 36115 Landscape Analysis
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	6 th semester/3 rd year
Person responsible for the	1. Dra. Dwi Probowati Sulistyani
module	2. Dr. Ir. Muh. Bambang Prayitno, M.Agr.Sc.
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are expected to have an understanding of geomorphology and the geomorphic processes that form it. Students are expected to have the ability to identify basic concents about landscapes
	 Students are expected to have the understanding and ability to explain the landscape analysis method. Students are expected to have an understanding and ability in general about the landscape analysis
	 method and its application in agriculture. 5. Students can know and explain about the process of geomorphological processes for the formation of
	landscapes.6. Students can know and explain the basic concepts of
	geomorphology, and its application in agriculture.
	7. Students can know and explain about the landforms
	that are formed if on the forces that form them



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 Introduction, definition, scope, basic concepts of landscape analysis aspects of the study, spectrum of basic concepts of geomorphology Geomorphological forces and processes for the formation of the earth's appearance Landform Concepts and Classification Land Forms of Anthropogenic Origin, divide the various types of land forms as a result of human power or activities. Landscape analysis of anthropogenic origin for agricultural activities and
 their management 5. Land Forms of Karst origin, dividing the various types of land forms as a result of the energy or activities of karst origin. Landscape analysis of karst origin for agricultural activities and their management
 Landforms of Fluvial origin is the notion of fluvial energy, any fluvial origin that will cause the formation of landforms and divide the various types of landforms as a result of fluvials. Landscape analysis of fluvial origin for farming activities and their management
 Land form of Structural origin, understanding of structural origin, what forces of structural origin will cause the formation of land forms, dividing various types of land forms as a result of structural. Landscape analysis of structural origin for agricultural activities and their management
 Land form from Marine is the notion of marine, what kind of energy from marine will cause the formation of landforms and divide the various types of land forms as a result of marine. Landscape analysis of marine origin for activities and management
 Land form of denudational origin, what is denudational force, divides the types of land forms as a result of denudational energy or activities. Landscape analysis of denudational origin for farming activities and their management
10. Land form from Aolin understanding of aolin, what kind of energy from aolin will cause the formation of land forms and dividing the various types of landforms as a result of aolin Landscape analysis from Aolin for farming activities and their management
11. Land Forms of Organic origin is the notion of organic,

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	 any energy of organic origin that will cause the formation of land forms and divide the various types of land forms as a result of organic. Landscape analysis of organic origin for farming activities and their management 12. Land form of Glacial origin is the notion of glacial, what kind of energy from glacial origin will cause the formation of land forms and divide the various types of land forms as a result of glacial. Landscape analysis of glacial origin for agricultural activities and their management 13. Land Forms of Volcanic origin is the notion of volcanic, any force of volcanic origin that will cause the formation of landforms and divide the various types of landforms as a result of volcanic activity. Landscape analysis of volcanic origin for agricultural activities and their management 14. Land Form of Alluvial origin is the notion of alluvial, any energy from alluvial origin that will cause the formation of land forms and divide the various types of land forms and divide the various types of land forms as a result of alluvial. Landscape
Examination forms	analysis of alluvial origin for agricultural activities and their management 1. Essays guestions
	2. Writing paper 3. Quiz
Reading List	 Lobeck, AK. (1939), Geomorphology, An Introduction to the study of Landscape, New York and London: McGraw- Hill Book Company. Inc. Sukmantalya, I Nyoman K, Drs. M.Sc. (1995), Introduction to Geomorphology and Its Application through PJ for Inventorying Land Resources, Bakosurtanal. Suprapto Dibyosaputro, Drs. M.Sc., (1997), Basic Geomorphology, Yogyakarta: Faculty of Geography UGM. Sutikno (1987), Conceptual Geomorphology and Its Application "Paper", Yogyakarta: Fac of Geography UGM. Van Zuidam, R.A, and F.I. van Zuidam Cancelado, 1979. Terrain Analysis And Classification Using Aerial Photographs, International Institute for Aerial Survey and Earth Science (ITC) 350, Boulevard Al Enschede, The Netherlands
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



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Modulo Designation	DTN 26215 Eartilizer and Eartilization Technology
Semester (s) in which the	6 rd semester/3 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Nuni Gofar, M.S.
module	2. Dr. Marsi
	3. Dr. Sabarudin
	4. Dr. Agus Hermawan
	5. Dr. A. Napoleon
	6. Ir. Siti Nurul Aidil Fitri
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	3 credits
proroquisite for joining the	-
module	
Module objectives / intended	1 Students are able to understand and explain about
learning outcomes	nutrients, fertilizers, development history and
	fertilization concepts
	2. Students are able to understand and explain about
	meaning, availability of nutrients and the basic
	problems of fertilization, the history and concept of
	fertilization: 1. Definition of fertilizer, 2. types of
	fertilizer, 3. Why plants need to be fertilized
	3. Students are able to understand and explain about
	the manufacture of N fertilizers, reactions in the
	soil:
	4. Students are able to understand and explain about
	the manufacture, properties, reactions of P
	fertilizers
	5. Students are able to understand and explain about
	the manufacture, properties and use of K fertilizer
	6. Students are able to understand and explain about
	the importance of organic fertilizers and organic
	fertilizer technology: Understanding of organic and
	inorganic fertilizers and organic fertilizer technology
	7. Students are able to understand and explain about
	the properties and reactions of fertilizers containing
	primary and secondary macro nutrients in the soil:
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	Understanding of secondary macro fertilizers Ca,
	 8. Students are able to understand and explain about the properties and reactions of micro fertilizers in the soil: 1.Understanding microfertilizers, 2.Fe fertilizers, 3.Mn fertilizers, 4.Zn fertilizers, 5.Cu fertilizers, 6.B and Mo fertilizers
	 Students are able to understand and explain about the manufacture, properties and reactions of compound fertilizers: Compound fertilizers, Types of compound fertilizers, NPK ratio/grade in compound fertilizers The role of nutrient evaluation
	10. Students are able to understand and explain about the method of evaluating soil nutrient status
	 11. Students are able to understand and explain about the plant analysis method: 1. Soil and plant characteristics, 2. Plant tissue analysis method, 3. Plant parts analyzed, 4. Treat plant tissue to be analyzed
	12. Students are able to understand and explain about the basics of applying fertilizer and
	recommendations for fertilizing/liming 13. Students are able to understand and explain about the basic economic considerations and the efficiency of fertilization and liming
Content	 Nutrients, fertilizers, development history and fertilization concepts
	 Meaning, availability of nutrients and the basic problems of fertilization, the history and concept of fertilization: 1. Definition of fertilizer, 2. types of fertilizer, 3. Why plants need to be fertilized
	 The manufacture of N fertilizers, reactions in the soil: The manufacture, properties, reactions of P fertilizers
	 5. The manufacture, properties and use of K fertilizer 6. The importance of organic fertilizers and organic fertilizer technology: Understanding of organic and inorganic fertilizers and organic fertilizer technology
	 7. Topics 1-6 Discussion 8. The properties and reactions of fertilizers containing primary and secondary macro nutrients in the soil: Understanding of secondary macro fertilizers Ca, Mg S
	0 The properties and reactions of miero fortilizers in

9. The properties and reactions of micro fertilizers in

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	 fertilizers, 6.B and Mo fertilizers 10. The manufacture, properties and reactions of compound fertilizers: Compound fertilizers, Types of compound fertilizers, NPK ratio/grade in compound fertilizers The role of nutrient evaluation 11. The method of evaluating soil nutrient status 12. The plant analysis method: 1. Soil and plant characteristics, 2. Plant tissue analysis method, 3. Plant parts analyzed, 4. Treat plant tissue to be analyzed 13. The basics of applying fertilizer and recommendations for fertilizing/liming
	14. The basic economic considerations and the efficiency of fertilization and liming
Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper
Reading List	 Gofar, N. 2015. Teknologi Pupuk dan Pemupukan di Lahan Suboptimal. Polimedia Publishing, Jakarta. Havlin, J.L, Tisdale, S.L., Nelson, W.L., Beaton, J.D. 2013. Soil Fertility and Fertilizers: an introcuction to nutrient management (6th Ed). Macmillan Publishing Company. New York, NY. Jones, J.B. 2012. Plant Nutrition and Soil Fertility Manual. 2nd Ed. CRC Press.
Date of last amendment	11 November 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 36315 Land Resource Information System
Semester (s) in which the	6 rd semester/3 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. M. Edi Armanto
module	2. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanudin, S.P., M.Sc
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	3 creaits
Required and recommended	-Fundamental of Soll Science, and Cartografic and
prerequisite for joining the	wapping
Module objectives (intended	1 Students are expected to be able and explain the
learning outcomes	scope of soil surveying and cartography the work
icarning outcomes.	carried out in soil surveying and its mapping for the
	nurposes of land and land evaluation studies
	planning, and as a basis for studying sciences related
	to soil and land in general.
	2. Students are able to classify the kinds of data found in
	the field
	3. Students are able to explain the relationship between
	graphic and tabular data in Arch GIS
	4. Students are able to analyze land resources data and
	produce output in agriculture with Arch GIS
	5. Student are able to explain the source of data that
	can used in Land Information System
	6. Students are able to digitize maps by on schreen
	digitizer.
	7. Student are able to explain the various of spatial
	analysis that exist
	8. Students are able to perform spatial data analysish
	eith Arcview GIS.
	5. Student are expected to understand smart farming
	hase which could bein famer increase cron yields in
	quantity and quality





Content	 Introduction: spatial information system; data presentation; Definition of land information system; supporting science; some of the advantages of using LRIS Cartography basics Map Scale and Projection: Understanding Scale; Definition of Latitude; Longitude; Definition of Map
	Projection and its Problems; Map Projection Classification; Map Projection Construction & Its Properties; Use of Computers for Projection Construction
	4. Base Map and Thematic Map; Base Map; Thematic
	 5. LRIS concept: software; hardware; users; data; method
	6. Data source: graphic data source; attribute data source: Remote sensing as a graphical data source
	 IRIS Components: Sub system input; processing sub system; output sub-system, input sub-system: semi-manual; digitizing manuals; scanning; satellite data processing results
	8. Database management system
	9. Examples of applications for measurement,
	mapping, monitoring and modeling:
	10. Meta data in LRIS
	11. Sub system processing: data processing attributes
	12. Sub system processing (Continuation)
	13. Sub-system output: Attributes/table
	14. Several obstacles to the use of LRIS
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. writing paper
	5. A Case study projet analysis







Reading List	1. Burrough, P.A. 1986. Principles of Geographical Information System Clarendon Press Oxford
	2 Burrough P.A. 1986 Principles of Geographical
	Information System Clarendon Press Oxford
	3. Charter, D. 2004, MapInfo Professional, Informatika
	Bandung.
	 Dawn J. Wright, and Christian Harder. 2020. GIS for Science Applying Mapping and Spatial Analisis. Esri press.
	5. Goodchild, M. F., L. T. Steyaert, and B. O. Parks. 1996.
	GIS and Environment Modeling. John Wiley & Sons.
	6. Jaya, I.N.S. 2002. Applied of Geographic Information
	System in Forestry. Bogor Agriculture Institute.
	7. Molenaar. M.I.J. 1998. An Introductory to the Theory
	of Spatial Object Modelling for GIS. International Ltd
	Pausiow, Cornwall.
	8. Nurphinan, B. Dan Inan, A. 2020. Smart Farming
	100n
	9 Maria Pangestika Musraino
	 Hohary, Suprihati, Yohanes Hendro Agus, Nugrahen Widyawati, Maria Marina Herawati, Alfred Janser Sutrisno, Yoga Aji Handoko, Liska Simamora, Damara Dinda N. Zebua, Hendrik J. Nadapdap, Tinjung Mary Prihtanti, Yuliawati, Bayu Nuswantara, Maria. 2020 Smart Farming: Agricuoture in Revolution Industries
	10 Surai Kumar Singh S Kanga Gowhar Morai Maiid
	Farooq, Sudhanshu. 2021. Geographic Information Science for Land Resource Management. Scrivener Publishing LLC. DOI:10.1002/9781119786375
	11. Ripple. W.J. 1989. GIS for Resource Management.
	Amer. Soc. for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing.
	12. Wadsworth, R. and J. Treweek. Longman. 1999. GIS
	for Ecology, an Introduction.
Date of last amendment	11 November 2021



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	Module Designation	PTN 36415 Soil and Water Management
Л	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	6 rd semester/3 nd year
	Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, M.S
	module	2. Dr. Ir. Warsito, M.P
כ		3. Dr. Ir. Muh Bambang Prayitno, M.Agr.Sc.
	Language	Indonesian
)	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
J	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
	Required and recommended	Students Have Received Lecture Materials:
	prerequisite for joining the	Soil Science Fundamentals
	module	Soli Physics
Ε		Soil Dielegy
		Soli biology
1	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are expected to have an understanding of the definition of Soil and Water Management Students are expected to be able and explain the Nature and Characteristics of Degraded Soil
4		 Students are expected to be able and explain the Principles of Soil and Water Management Students are expected to be able and explain the dry land management system
N		 Students are expected to be able and explain the management of polluted soil and water Students are expected to be able and explain the
)		intensive and sustainable farming systems7. Students are expected to be able and explain the management of soil that has experienced erosion
3		 Students are expected to be able and explain the management system for acid sulphate soil and saline or sodic soil
C		 Students are expected to be able and explain the peat and organic soil management systems
		10. Students are expected to be able and explain the management system and land reclamation of paddy
J		tields
		agroforestry farming systems in wetlands
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Content	1. Learning contract, RPS explanation, Scope of Soil
	and water Management
	2. Introduction Definition and Scope of Soil
	Management and Factors Affecting its Decline Soli
	Quality
	and water management
	 Dry Land Management Management of Polluted Soil and Water (1)
	5. Dry Land Management Management of Polluted
	6 Intensive And Sustainable Agriculture
	7 Management of Soil whose top soil has been
	eroded by erosion
	8 Acid Sulfate Soil Management
	9 Salinity and Sodic Soil Management
	10. Management of Peat and Organic Soil Water (1)
	11 Management of Peat and Organic Soil Water
	(continued)
	12. Paddy Field Land Reclamation and Management
	13. Paddy Field Land Reclamation and Management
	(continued)
	14. Agroforestry Farming System In Wetlands
kamination forms	1. Essays guestions
	2. Writing paper (Independent paper)
	3. Group discussion
eading List	1. Arsyad, S. 2010. Soil and Water Conservation. 2nd
	Edition. Bogor: IPB Press.
	2. Agus, F., and I.G. Subixa. 2008. Peatlands: potential
	for agriculture and environmental aspects. SRI.
	Agricultural Research and Development Agency.
	World Agrotorestry Centre. Bogor.
	3. Andriesse, J.P. 1992. Nature and Management of
	A Arofob 2000 Technical Cuidelines for Disc Field
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Deced Fortility Improvement
	 4. Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement 5. Sanchez, A.B. 1992 Nature and Management of Concernent
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement Sanchez, A.P. 1993 Nature and Management of Trapical Soiler Publisher: Panduus, Publisher 170
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement Sanchez, A.P. 1993 Nature and Management of Tropical Soils; Publisher: Bandung : Publisher ITB., 1003: Physical Description, 2 iii, 202 r.
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement Sanchez, A.P. 1993 Nature and Management of Tropical Soils; Publisher: Bandung : Publisher ITB., 1993; Physical Description. 2 ji., 302 p.
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement Sanchez, A.P. 1993 Nature and Management of Tropical Soils; Publisher: Bandung : Publisher ITB., 1993; Physical Description. 2 ji., 302 p. Suripin. 2004. Conservation of Soil and Water Descuration (Son Public) (SDN 070-721)
	 Arafah. 2009. Technical Guidelines for Rice Field- Based Fertility Improvement Sanchez, A.P. 1993 Nature and Management of Tropical Soils; Publisher: Bandung : Publisher ITB., 1993; Physical Description. 2 ji., 302 p. Suripin. 2004. Conservation of Soil and Water Resources; Yogyakarta : Andi Offset, ISBN 979-731- 431-6





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PTN 36515 Irrigation and Drainage	
6 rd semester/3 nd year	
1. Dr. Ir. Bakri, M.P.	
2. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanudin, S.P., M.Sc.	

	Module Designation	PTN 36515 Irrigation and Drainage	
IVI	Semester (s) in which the	6 rd semester/3 nd year	
	module is taught		
	Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Bakri, M.P.	
0	module	2. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanudin, S.P., M.Sc.	
		3. Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, M.S.	
D	Language	Indonesian	
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course	
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning	
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes	
	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic	
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week	
L	Credit points	3 credits	
	Required and recommended	-	
	prerequisite for joining the		
Ε	module		
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are expected to have an understanding of	
	learning outcomes	the definition of irrigation and Drainage	
		2. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
Η		2 Statistics of Groundwater Dynamics	
		3. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		A Students are expected to be able and explain about	
Α		4. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		5 Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		nlant water needs	
N		6 Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		irrigation water delivery method	
		7. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
П		planting and irrigation scheduling	
		8. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		preparation of irrigated land	
R		9. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
D		operation & maintenance of irrigation network	
		reclamation / drainage project planning phase	
0		identitification & feasibility study phase	
U		10. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		drainage system plan / drainage reclamation to	
•		control water level	
U		11. Students are expected to be able and explain about	
		soil (general system, special system) project	



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	 preparation, installation and maintenance (final project preparation and specifications, installation, operation and maintenance) 12. Students are expected to be able and explain about reclamation of lebak swamp and tides in Indonesia 13. Students are expected to be able and explain about equipment / construction of flowing irrigation/pumping water irrigation / irrigation efficiency water resources management / forestry and environment policy
Content	 Introduction Statistics / Groundwater Dynamics Irrigation Water Source / Storage Irrigation Water Quality Plant Water Needs Irrigation Water Delivery Method Planting and Irrigation Scheduling Preparation of Irrigated Land Operation & Maintenance of Irrigation Network Reclamation / Drainage Project Planning Phase Identitification & Feasibility Study Phase Drainage System Plan / Drainage Reclamation to Control Water Level Soil (General System, Special System) Project Preparation, Installation and Maintenance (Final Project Preparation and Specifications, Installation, Operation and Maintenance) Reclamation of Lebak Swamp and Tides in Indonesia Equipment / Construction of Flowing Irrigation/Pumping Water Irrigation / Irrigation Efficiency Water Resources Management / Forestry and
Examination forms	Environment Policy 1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper
	3. Jurnal revew




Reading List	 Hansen, V. E., O. W. Israelsen, dan G.E. Stringham. 1986. Dasar-dasar dan Praktek Irigasi (terjemahan ke Bahasa Indonesia oleh E.P. Tachyan dan Soetjipto). Penerbit Air Langga.
	 Teknik Konservasi Tanah dan Air. 1997. Robiyanto H. Susanto dan Rahmad H. Purnomo (terjemahan : Soil and Water Concervation, Gleen O. Scwab dkk. 1990).
	 Ochs, W. J. dan B. G. Bishay. 1992. Drainage Guideline. World Bank Technical Paper No. 194.
	4. Bardan, M. 2014. Irigasi. Graha Ilmu Yogyakarta.
	5. Rosadi, R. A. B. 2015. Dasar-dasar Teknik Irigasi. Graha Ilmu Yogyakarta.
	 Sangsongko, D. 1985. Alih Bahasa. Ray. K. L. and Joseph. B. F. Teknik Sumber Daya Air. Penerbit Air Langga.
	7. Mawardi, M. 2016. Irigasi Asas dan Praktek. Penerbit Bursa Ilmu.
Date of last amendment	14 Oktober 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 36615 Organic Farming System
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	5 ^d semester/3 nd year
Person responsible for the module	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Dedik Budianta, MS
	2. Ir. Sabaruddin, MSCs, PhD
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Optional/elective Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and
-	assignment
Workload (incl. Contact hours,	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week
self-study hours)	consisted of 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120
	minutes for structured academic assignment and
	120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to explain what is the
learning outcomes	organic farming.
	2. Students are able to compare the organic
	farming and conventional farming
	3. Students are expected to be able and explain
	about Organic farming for producing soil and food health
	4. Students are able to apply organic farming
	 Students are expected to be able and explain about Utilization of local resources to suppor
	organic farming
	6. Students are able to explain the models of organic farming
	7. Students are expected to be able and explain
	about Regulation organic farming in Indones
	(Indonesia national standard)
	8. Students are aware about the disadvantage of conventional farming
	9. Students are expected to be able and explain
	aboutOrganic farming related with climate change



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Content (14 meetings) dan two examinations	 Introduction of organic farming (definition, characteristic of organic farming, etc) Organic farming producing healthy food Utilization of local resources to support organic farming Regulation organic farming in Indonesia (Indonesia national standard) Apply organic farming in farm level Organic farming for producing soil and food health Organic farming for improving soil properties Organic farming related with climate change Examination
Examination forms	1. Essays questions 2. Writing paper
Reading List	 Sparling, G.; Schipper, L., Hewitt, A. 1988. Soil Quality Characteristric of Walareka and Wakanui Soils Under Cropping. New Zealand Soil Science Society Conference, 16-19 Nov. 1998. pp 153-154 Mulongoy, K anad R. Merckx. 1993. Soil organic matter dynamics and sustainable of tropical agriculture. KU. Leuven. Belgium Rachman Sutanto. 2002. Penerapan Pertanian Organik. Pemasyarakatn dan Pengembangannya. Kanisius
Date of last amendment	30 July 2021



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	Module Designation	PTN 36715 Lowland Management
	Semester (s) in which the	6 th semester/3 rd year
VI	module is taught	
	Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Marsi, M.Sc
	module	2. Dr. Ir. Moh. Bambang Prayitno
0		3. Dr. Momon Sodik Imanuddin, S.P., M.Sc.
		4. Dr. Ir. Bakri, M.P.
D	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
L	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	prerequisite for joining the	
F I	module	
	Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understand the meaning and
	learning outcomes	scope of Lowland
		2. Students are able to understand and differentiate
H		tidal and freshwater swampland
		3. Students are able to understand the typology of
		swampland based on soil hydro-topography and soil
Δ		type
		4. Students are able to understand the pyrite
		oxidation and its impact.
Ν		5. Students are able to understand soil salinity concept
		and its effect on soil characteristics and plant
		growth
D		6. Students are able to understand water management
		on tidal and freshwater swamplands
		7. Students are able to understand peatland formation
B		and its characteristics.
		8. Students are able to understand management
		concept of peatland for agricultural and non-
\mathbf{O}		agricultural Uses
		9. Students are able to understand peatland and
		coastal ecosystem restoration

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Content	1. Introduction: Definition and scope of swampland; Conditions For the formation of swamp land
	2. Typology of Tidal Swamp land and its Soil
	Characteristics.
	3. Typology of the Freshwater swamp land and its soil characteristics
	4. Process of pyrite formation in tidal swamp land,
	5. Impact of pyrite oxidation on soil and water quality
	6. Effect of salinity on soil and water characteristics and
	its management
	7. Effect of height and duration of inundation on soil characteristics of freshwater swamp land
	8. Water Management of Tidal Swamp and Freshwater
	Swamp land
	9. Formation of Peat Soil and its characteristics
	10. Peatland management for agriculture
	11. Peatland management for non-agricultural sector
	12. Peat Ecosystem Restoration
	13. Swamp and Coastal Ecosystem
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Presentation and Group Discussion on Lowland Management Related Topics.

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Reading List	 Haryono. 2013. Lahan Rawa: Lumbung Pangan Masa Depan Indonesia. Badan Penelitian dan Pengembangan Pertanian Kementerian Pertanian. Didi Ardi S., Undang Kurnia, Mamat H.S., Wiwik
	Hartatik, dan Diah Setyorini. 2006. Karakteristik Dan Pengelolaan Lahan Rawa. Balai Besar Penelitian Dan Pengembangan Sumberdaya Lahan Pertanian. Badan Penelitian dan Pengembangan Pertanian Departemen Pertanian.
	 Najiyati, S., Lili Muslihat dan I Nyoman N. Suryadiputra. 2005. Panduan pengelolaan lahan gambut untuk pertanian berkelanjutan Bogor: Wetlands International - xi + 231 hlm; ISBN: 979-97373-2-9
	 Reddy, K.R. and R.D. DeLaune. 2008. Biogeochemistry of Wetland: Science and Application. CRC Press. 806 pp.
	 Perillo, G.M.E., E. Wolanski, D.R. Cahoon, and M.M. Brinson (Eds). 2009. Coastal Wetlands: An Integrated Ecosystem Approach. Elsevier. 975 pp.
	 Richardson, J.J. and M.J. Vepraskas (Eds). 2001. Wetland Soils: Genesis, Hydrology, Landscapes and Classification. Lewis Publishers. 432 pp.
	 Corner, W.H., T.W. Doyle, K.W. Krauss (Eds). 2007. Ecology of Tidal Freshwater Forested Wetlands of the Southern United States. Springer. 508 pp
	 Kadlec, R.H. and S.D. Wallace. 2009. Treatment Wetland. 2nd Ed. CRC Press. 1048 pp.
Date of last amendment	14 Oktober 2021



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	Module Designation	PTN 36815 Practical of Lowland Management
Λ	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	6 th semester/3 rd year
)	Person responsible for the module	 Dr. Ir. Muh Bambang Prayitno, M.Agr.Sc Dr. Marsi
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
,	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to understanding the meaning and scope of Lowland Management (Tidal Lowland, Non Tidal Lowland and Peatland), Students are able to understanding the Tidal Lowland .
1		 Students are able to understanding the ridal Lowland : formation process, soil horizon, soil profile, Students are able to understanding the Tidal Lowland : Observing the physical properties of the soil and its
A		 characteristics, 4. Students are able to understanding the Tidal Lowland : observing the chemical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
J		 Students are able to understanding the Tidal Lowland : land and water management for agriculture Students are able to understanding the Non Tidal
)		 Lowland : formation process, soil horizon, soil profile, 7. Students are able to understanding the Non Tidal Lowland : Observing the physical properties of the soil
3		 and its characteristics, 8. Students are able to understanding the Non Tidal
)		 and its characteristics, Students are able to understanding the Non Tidal
)		Lowland : land and water management for agriculture 10. Students are able to understanding the Peatland : formation process, soil horizon, soil profile, 11. Students are able to understanding the Peatland :



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	Observing the physical properties of the soil and its characteristics.
	 Students are able to understanding the Peatland : observing the chemical properties of the soil and its
	12 Students are able to understanding the Postland - land
	and water management for agriculture,
Content	1. Introduction: definition of low land land (tidal lowland, Non Tidal Lowland and Peatland), Lowland
	 Tidal Lowland 1: formation process, soil horizon, soil profile.
	 Tidal Lowland 2: Observing the physical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
	 Tidal Lowland 3: observing the chemical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
	Tidal Lowland 4: land and water management for agriculture
	 Non Tidal Lowland 1: formation process, soil horizon, soil profile,
	 Non Tidal Lowland 2: Observing the physical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
	 Non Tidal Lowland 3: observing the chemical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
	9. Midterm Examination 10. Non Tidal Lowland 4: land and water management for
	agriculture 11. Peatland 1: formation process, soil horizon, soil
	profile, 12. Peatland 2: Observing the physical properties of the
	soil and its characteristics,
	 Peatland 3: observing the chemical properties of the soil and its characteristics,
	14. Peatland 4: land and water management for agriculture.
	15. General discussion and evaluation: the first meeting to the end.
	16. semester final exam
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Presentation and Group Discussion on Related Topics.

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Reading List:	1.	Pedoman Pengamatan Tanah di Lapangan. Badan
Reading List.		Penelitian dan Pengembangan Pertanian Kementerian
		Pertanian 2017. IAARD Press Badan Penelitian dan
		Pengembangan Pertanian Jalan Ragunan No. 29,
		Pasarminggu, Jakarta 12540 Telp. +62 21 7806202, Faks.:
		+62 21 7800644 ISBN 978-602-344-163-1
	2.	Petunujk Teknis. PEDOMAN PENILAIAN KESESUAIAN
		LAHAN UNTUK KOMODITAS PERTANIAN STRATEGIS
		Tingkat Semi Detail Skala 1:50.000. Wahyunto,
		Hikmatullah, Erna Suryani, Chendy Tafakresnanto, Sofyan
		Ritung, Anny Mulyani, Sukarman, Kusumo Nugroho, Yiyi
		Sulaeman, Yayan Apriyana, Suciantini, Aris Pramudia,
		Suparto, Rudi Eko Subandiono, Teddy Sutriadi, Dedi
		Nursyams. Balai Besar Litbang Sumberdaya Lahan
		Pertanian Badan Penelitian dan Pengembangan Pertanian
		Jl. Tentara Pelajar No. 12, Kampus Penelitian Pertanian,
		Cimanggu, Bogor 16114 E-mail:
		bbsdlp.litbang.pertanian.go.id; csar@indosat.net.id
		Website: http://bbsdlp.litbang.pertanian.go.id
		Pencetakan buku ini dibiayai DIPA BBSDLP TA 2016 Edisi
		April, 2016 ISBN 978-602-6759-16-
	3.	Petunjuk Teknis PEDOMAN SURVEI DAN PEMETAAN
		TANAH Tingkat Semi Detail Skala 1:50.000. Wahyunto,
		Hikmatullah, Erna Suryani, Chendy Tafakresnanto, Sofyan
		Ritung, Anny Mulyani, Sukarman, Kusumo Nugroho, Yiyi
		Sulaeman, Suparto, Rudi Eko Subandiono, Teddy Sutriadi,
		Dedi Nursyamsi. Balai Besar Penelitian dan
		Pengembangan Sumberdaya Lahan Pertanian Badan
		Penelitian dan Pengembangan Pertanian JI. Tentara
		Pelajar No. 12, Kampus Penelitian Pertanian Cimanggu,
		Bogor 16114 E-mail: bbsdlp@litbang.pertanian.go.id;
		csar@indosat.net.id Website:
		http://bbsdlp.litbang.pertanian.go.id Pencetakan buku ini
		dibiayai DIPA BBSDLP TA 2016 Edisi April, 2016 ISBN 978-
	4	
	4.	LOWLAND RICE CULTIVATION GUIDE. Tatsushi TSUBOI.
		Rice Technical Advisor. Promotion of Rice Development
	E	(TRIDE) FIUJEL. Study of Management Bractices for Lowland Rice in
	5.	Nenalese Context ACTA SCIENTIEIC ACDICULTUDE (ISSN)
		2581-365X) Volume 3 Issue 10 October 2010
	6	Growing lowland rice: a production handbook Africe Pice
	0.	Center (WARDA) Nivilene E.E. Oikeh S.O. Agunbiado
		TA Oladimeii O Aiavi O Sié M Grogorio G P Tagola
		1.A., Olaulilleji O., Ajayi O., Sle Wi., Glegolio G.D., Togola



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М		 A. and A.D. Touré. 7. Integrated management practices for lowland rice production. Article in Pesquisa Agropecuaria Brasileira - March
0		2009https://www.researchgate.net/publication/2624309 11
D		8. LAHAN GAMBUT INDONESIA Pembentukan, Karakteristik, dan Potensi Mendukung Ketahanan Pangan (Edisi Revisi). Fahmuddin Agus Markus Anda Ali Jamil Masganti. BADAN PENELITIAN DAN PENGEMBANGAN PERTANIAN
U		 KEMENTERIAN PERTANIAN 2016. 9. Petunjuk Teknis UNTUK KOMODITAS PERTANIAN. Sofyan Ritung Kusumo Nugroho Anny Mulyani Erna Suryani. Balai Bocar Depolitian dan Dengembangan Sumberdaya Laban
L		Pertanian JI. Tentara Pelajar No. 12, Bogor 16114 Telp.
Е		62.0251.8323012, Fax. 62.0251.8311256 e-mail: csar@indosat.net.id, website: www.bbsdlp.litbang.deptan.go.id Edisi Pertama Tahun 2003 Edisi Revisi Tahun 2011 ISBN 978-602-8977-47-0.
Н	Date of last amendment	14 Oktober 2021



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Module Designation	Entrepreneurship
Code	PER 37109
Semester (s) in which the	6 th semester/3 rd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	Dr. Ir. Adipati Napoleon
module	Ely Rosana, SP, M.Si
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
hours,	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
self-study hours)	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to understanding the
learning outcomes	entrepreuneurship and techopreuneurship, and their
	role in economic development.
	2. Students are able to understanding and explain the Best
	practices of several professional entreupreuneurship in
	agriculture created and managed by young generation.
	3. UStudents are able to understanding and explain the
	role and source of inovation and creativity to build and
	improve entreupreuneurship
	4. Students are able to understanding and explain the
	capita selecta in creativity and innovation developed by
	young generation
	5. Students are able to understanding and explain the
	challenges to develop entreupreupourship in agriculture:
	Bro proposal croation: Inspiration, inpovation, and
	creativity to innitiate entreunreuneurship unit in
	agriculture
	6 Students are able to understanding and explain the
	administration organization operational and financial
	halance sheet in agriculture entreunreuneurshin
	7 Students are able to understanding and explain the
	procedures and documents required to built agricultural
	entreunreureurshin
	8. Students are able to understanding and explain the best
	practices on innovation, creativity, and its characters to
	develop entreupreuneurship



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	 9. Students are able to understanding and explain the bisnis proposal to develop agricultural entreupreuneurship to get financial support from the bank 10. Students are able to Practice, discussion, and report to make bisnis proposal; Intructional task to visit local entreupreuneurship unit 11. Students are able to Group discussion on innovation and creativity to improve visited entreupreuneurship unit 12. Students are able to make Report and presentation on innovation and creativity to improve visited entreupreuneurship unit
Content	 Understanding entrepreuneurship and techopreuneurship, and their role in economic development. Best practices of several professional entreupreuneurship in agriculture created and managed by young generation. Understanding and definition of role and source of inovation and creativity to build and improve entreupreuneurship Capita selecta in creaitivity and innovation developed by young generation Entreupreuneurship creation, characters, steps, and challenges to develop entreupreuneurship in agriculture; Pre-proposal creation: Inspiration, innovation, and creativity to innitiate entreupreuneurship unit in agriculture Explanation and example on administration, organization, operational, and financial balance sheet in agriculture entreupreuneurship Explanation and example of procedures and documents required to built agricultural entreupreuneurship Explanation and examples of bisnis proposal to develop agricultural entreupreuneurship Explanation and examples of bisnis proposal to develop agricultural entreupreuneurship Explanation and examples of bisnis proposal to develop agricultural entreupreuneurship to get financial support from the bank Practice, discussion, and report to make bisnis proposal; Intructional task to visit local entreupreuneurship unit Group discussion on innovation and creativity to improve visited entreupreuneurship unit Report and presentation on innovation and creativity to improve visited entreupreuneurship unit (1)





	13.Report and presentation on innovation and creativity to improve visited entreupreuneurship unit (2).
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Pratical works
	3. Writing Case Paper
	4. Oral presentation
Reading list	1.
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



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	Canada Alar Penologian	
	Module Designation	PTN 47115 Regional Planning and Development
N	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 rd semester/4 nd year
	Person responsible for the	1. Dra. Dwi Probowati Sulistyani, M.S
	module	2. Dr. Ir Muh Bambang Prayitno M.Agr
0		3. Dr Ir. Warsito MP
	Language	Indonesian
D	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes
U	hours, self-study hours)	for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
	prerequisite for joining the module	-
E	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students are able to understanding and explain and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts
H A		 Students are able to understanding and explain the basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning.
		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Development Theory and Planning. Region.
N		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Regional potential analysis method
D		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Area potential analysis method
R		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Agricultural Area Development Concept
D		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia
C		8. Students are able to understanding and explain the Implementation of agricultural area development
C		 Students are able to understanding and explain the Application of the Planning Method for the case study area of agropolitan and paddy fields
		10. Students are able to understanding and explain the

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Application of regional planning methods, sub- topics of SWOT analysis methods, analysis of internal factors, external factors 11. Students are able to understanding and explain the Regional planning method application. sub-topics of SWOT analysis application of internal and external data, determination of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats 12. Students are able to understanding and explain the Basic understanding, general principles, patterns of spatial use in the area of spatial use structure, spatial planning in agropolitan areas, reviews and views on future agropolitan areas 13. Students are able to understanding and explain the Spatial planning method Content 1. Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning include: concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and regional concepts 2. The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning. 3. Development Theory and Planning, Region. The sub- topics are: the purpose of planning, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by porcelle, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by g		
11. Students are able to understanding and explain the Regional planning method application. sub-topics of SWOT analysis application guidelines, formation of working groups, collection of internal and external data, determination of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats 12. Students are able to understanding and explain the Basic understanding, general principles, patterns of spatial use in the area of spatial use structure, spatial planning in agropolitan areas, reviews and views on future agropolitan areas. 13. Students are able to understanding and explain the Spatial planning method Content 1. Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts 2. The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning. 3. Development Theory and Planning. Region. The sub- topics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by religion, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Strategies and polic		Application of regional planning methods, sub- topics of SWOT analysis methods, analysis of internal factors, external factors
12. Students are able to understanding and explain the Basic understanding, general principles, patterns of spatial use in the area of spatial use structure, spatial planning in agropolitan areas 13. Students are able to understanding and explain the Spatial planning method Content 1. Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts 2. The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategics and strategic issues of spatial planning. 3. Development Theory and Planning, Region. The subtopics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning aproaches and planning strategies, planning approaches and planning strategies. 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gener, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by neducation, Population by reducation, Population by reducation, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by income level, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Populati		11. Students are able to understanding and explain the Regional planning method application. sub-topics of SWOT analysis application guidelines, formation of working groups, collection of internal and external data, determination of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats
13. Students are able to understanding and explain the Spatial planning method Content 1. Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts 2. The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning. 3. Development Theory and Planning, Region. The subtopics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by reducation, Population by region, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by livelihood 6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas		12. Students are able to understanding and explain the Basic understanding, general principles, patterns of spatial use in the area of spatial use structure, spatial planning in agropolitan areas, reviews and views on future agropolitan areas
Content1. Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts2. The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning.3. Development Theory and Planning. Region. The sub- topics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by ge, Population by invelihood, Population by religion, and Population by labor force5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas 7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia		13. Students are able to understanding and explain the Spatial planning method
 The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning. Development Theory and Planning. Region. The sub- topics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by religion, and Population by labor force Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia 	Content	 Introduction: understanding and scope, aspects of the study, spectrum of the Regional Planning and Development system and regional concepts
 3. Development Theory and Planning. Region. The subtopics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by age, Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood 6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas 7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia 		 The basic concepts of area and spatial planning include: concept and history of PPW, concepts, policies and strategies and strategic issues of spatial planning.
 4. Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood 6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas 7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia 		3. Development Theory and Planning. Region. The sub- topics are: the purpose of planning, planning methods and why planning is important, planning strategies, planning approaches and planning stages
 5. Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood 6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas 7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia 		 Regional potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood, Population by income level, Population by education, Population by religion, and Population by labor force
 6. Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas 7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia 		 Area potential analysis method, sub-topics Population analysis design, Population by age, Population by gender, Population by livelihood
7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia		 Agricultural Area Development Concept, sub-topics: understanding and boundaries, basic patterns, approaches, strategies and policies for developing agricultural areas
		7. Agricultural Land Use Planning in Indonesia





		8. Implementation of agricultural area development
Μ		Application of the Planning Method for the case study area of agropolitan and paddy fields
0		 Application of regional planning methods, sub- topics of SWOT analysis methods, analysis of internal factors, external factors
D		 Regional planning method application. sub-topics of SWOT analysis application guidelines, formation of working groups, collection of internal and external data, determination of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats
L		12. Basic understanding, general principles, patterns of spatial use in the area of spatial use structure, spatial planning in agropolitan areas, reviews and views on future agropolitan areas
E		13. Spatial planning method, sub subject. understanding, aims and objectives, conflicts, problems, deviations, linkages, principles, scope and spatial policies
H		14. Spatial planning methods, sub-topics of development impacts on land, land and space, ecological, technical, industrial, socio-economic functions and disturbed land components due to development programs
N		15. Spatial planning methods, sub-topics of development impacts on land, land and space, ecological, technical, industrial, socio-economic functions and disturbed land components due to development programs
D	Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper Quiz
B	Reading List	 Rustiadi, E; Sunsun, S and Dyah R. P. 2011. Regional Development Planning. Crestpent Press and the Indonesian Obor Library Foundation. Jakarta
0		2. Dardak, H, A in Arsyad, S. et al. 2008. Land use based on spatial planning as an effort to realize a comfortable, productive and sustainable living space.
U		Crestpent Press and the Indonesian Obor Library Foundation. Jakarta







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3. Anonymous. 2012. Regulation of the Minister of Agriculture number: 05/Permentan/CT.140/8/ 2012 concerning: Guidelines for the Development of Agricultural Areas Date of last amendment 11 November 2021		
Date of last amendment 11 November 2021		3. Anonymous. 2012. Regulation of the Minister of Agriculture number: 05/Permentan/CT.140/8/ 2012 concerning: Guidelines for the Development of Agricultural Areas
	Date of last amendment	11 November 2021
	L	<u>I</u>





Module Designation	PTN 47115 Watershed Management
Semester (s) in which the	3 rd semester/2 nd year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Dr. Ir. Satria Jaya Priatna, M.S
module	2. Dr.Ir. Bakri, MP
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	3 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 90 minutes for
nours, self-study hours)	Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
Credit points	2 Credits
Required and recommended	Students Have Received Lecture Materials:
prerequisite for joining the	Soil Science Fundamentals
module	Soil Physics
	Soil Chemistry
	Soil Biology
Module objectives/intended	1 Students are able to understand the scope of the
learning outcomes	subject of watershed management courses:
curring outcomes	2. Students are able to understand the meaning of
	watershed, the meaning and purpose of watershed
	management:
	3. Students are able to understand the morphometry and
	characteristics of the watershed;
	4. Students are able to understand and explain water
	processes in the watershed;
	5. Students are able to understand and explain the type
	of rain, rain parameters, measurement &
	determination of rain area;
	6. Students are able to understand and explain the
	infiltration process in the watershed;
	7. Students are able to understand surface runoff & river
	characteristics;
	8. Students are able to understand and analyze river
	discharge & hydrograph ;
	9. Students are able to understand and explain flood-
	arought events & water quality;
	10. Students are able to understand and recognize
	nyurological models for watershed management;
	strategies and
	12 Students are able to understand and avalain integrated
	vatershed management
	watershea management

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Content	1. Learning contract, RPS explanation, Scope of watershed management
	 Definition of watershed and Watershed Management; Nomenclature hierarchy watershed; Management objectives watershed
	3. Watershed Morphometry: watershed shape, area watershed, long river, center point watershed, slope watershed, network rivers and more
	4. watershed as a system; Processes hydrology in the watershed: interception,infiltration, evapotranspiration, runoff surface, and other
	5. Rain type ;Rain parameter ; Rain measurement; Area determinationRain
	6. Forms and properties of flow surface; Flow component surface; flow.
	7. River characteristics
	8. debit and discharge measurement; Hydrograph
	9. erosion process; The factors that influence erosion
	10. Sedimentation Proces
	11. Hydrological model watershed; Multiple models watershed hydrology
	12. Simulation and evaluation watershed management
	 Definition of strategy watershed management; Strategy technical/biophysical;
	14. Social strategy economics and culture; Strategy policy/institution
Examination forms	1. Essays questions
	2. Writing paper
	3. Group discussion





Reading List	 Asdak, Chay. 2007. Hidrologi dan pengelolaan Daerah Aliran Sungai; Yogjakarta : Gadjah Mada University Press Arsyad, S. 2010. Soil and Water Conservation. 2nd Edition. Bogor: IPB Press. Farida et al. 2005. Hydrological Rapid Assessment: An Integrated Approach to Assessing Watershed Functions (DAS). Bogor: Rewarding Upland Poor for Environmental Services (RUPES) Program World Agroforestry Center (ICRAF) Fuady, Z and Azizah, C. 2008. Overview of Watersheds as Ecology and Watershed Management. Lantern: Vol.6. Notohadiprawiro. Q. 2006. Watershed Management and Programs Greening. Faculty of Agriculture. Gadjah Mada University. Yogyakarta.
Date of last amendment	14 November 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 47315 Spatial Planning and Land Use
Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 th semester/4 th year
Person responsible for the	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. M. Edi Armanto
module	2. Dr. Ir. Warsito, M.P
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Elective course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended	 Be able to explain and understand the meaning and function of space and land
learning outcomes	2. Be able to explain the meaning of land use
	3. Be able to explain about sustainable spatial planning
	4. Be able to explain the impact of development on land, space, and ecosystems
	Able to understand and classify spatial and land resource information systems
	Able to carry out the zoning and zoning conception process
	7. Able to understand about Thematic Mapping
	8. Be able to understand GIS in Spatial and Land Planning (Introduction)
	Able to do thematic mapping using GIS, GPS and Drones in Spatial and Land Planning
	10. Understand the concept and use of GIS, GPS and drones in spatial and land planning. Benefits from government support in the use of spatial planning and land use
	11. Able to Operate Drones and GPS in Spatial and Land Planning
	12. Be able to understand case studies in agropolitan







		areas
М		13. Be able to understand case studies in the Coastal area
		14. Able to understand case studies in the peatlands area
0	Content	 Lecture Framework (RPS); Definition of Space and Land; Land Function; The definition of space and land management; Why space and land matter
D		2. Definition of Land Use; Principles in land use; Why integrated?; Sustainable land use
U		 What is needed in sustainable spatial planning?; Why are spatial planning issues important; Sensitivity to climate change; Climate change impacts; Mitigation and adaptation
L		 Natural resources and agricultural development; Potential and distribution of land resources; Basic approach to utilization; Natural Resource utilization strategy
		5. Understanding and application of Land and Space Resource Information System (SISDAL)
Н		 Territory Concept; Territory Definition; Territory Division; Zoning Function; Definition of Zoning Management; Why Zoning matters
Α		 Mapping governance; Definition/concept of thematic mapping; Spatial data and attributes; Digital and temporal mapping concept
N		8. Do you need GIS, GPS and drones?; Why are GIS, GPS and Drones important?; GIS, GPS and Drone sensitivity; Impact of G GIS, GPS and Drones; GIS Management Theory, GPS and Drones
D		9. SDL thematic mapping using GIS, GPS and drones
B		10. Reliable GIS, GPS and Drone concepts in Spatial and Land Planning; Satellite and GPS connection; Use of GPS in spatial and land planning; Precision farming; Agroforestry, Agrosilvofishery and Agropastural; The role of local policies in spatial and land governance;
0		Integration of environmental aspects in land use plans; The importance of policy support
0		11. Integration of Drones with GPS and GIS in Spatial and Land Planning
		12. What is the agropolitan layout?; Why is agropolitan

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	 important in management?; Basic land use planning in agropolitan; participatory mapping; Information system strengthening; The importance of strengthening human resources; Adaptive technology development 13. Spatial Planning and Land Use of the Coastal area 14. Peatlands Spatial Planning and Use
Examination forms	 Write essays Doing practical works Individual Assgnment
Reading List	
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



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Module Designation	PTN 47415 Land Degradation and Reclamation
Semester (s) in which the	7 th semester/4 th year
module is taught	
Person responsible for the	1. Sabaruddin, Ph.D.
module	2. Dr. Dwi Setyawan
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Optional Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for
hours, self-study hours)	Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
• • • • •	assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and	-
recommended	
the module	
objectives (intended	15. Students are able to understand and explain the scope
loarning outcomes	of course description, scope of land degradation and
earning outcomes	reclamation
	16. Students are able to understand and explain about
	climate and land degradation: global climate change,
	climate change and land degradation, future
	perspectives
	17. Students are able to understand and explain about
	Why is soil degradation information important: how
	much land is available? impact of human dominance
	on soil, global and indonesian distribution of soil
	degradation, land degradation and agricultural
	productivity
	18. Students are able to understand and explain about
	forms of land degradation: soil erosion, structural
	damage due to compaction, inundation/submergence,
	decrease in soil fertility, salinization, pollution,
	vegetation loss
	19 Students are able to understand and explain about
	land degradation assessment: what are indicators?
	qualitative assessment of land degradation.
	quantitative assessment of land degradation
	20 Students are able to understand and surlain shout
	20. Students are able to understand and explain about
	and damage due to forest fires. ecological and
	recovery of hurnt soil

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	21. Students are able to understand and explain about watershed degradation: watershed boundaries, watershed functions, watershed degradation, forest functions in watershed protection,
	22. Students are able to understand and explain about soil and water pollution: what is a pollutant, types of pollutants, agriculture and soil pollution, remediation principles, remediation technology
	23. Students are able to understand and explain about desertification: definitions of desertification, causes of desertification, impact of desertification, prevention and recovery of desertification
	24. Students are able to understand and explain about Land degradation and agricultural productivity: evaluation of the impact of soil degradation on food security, footprint of soil degradation, soil degradation and the future of food security, policy and research priorities
	25. Students are able to understand and explain about reclamation of degraded land: definition of rehabilitation and reclamation, why are rehabilitation and reclamation important? what is land conservation? strategies to overcome land degradation
	26. Students are able to understand and explain about sustainable land management approach: what is sustainable management, economic approach, institutional approach, technological approach.
Content	15. Introduction: Course Description, Scope of land Degradation and Reclamation
	16. Climate and Land Degradation: Global Climate Change, Climate Change and Land Degradation, Future Perspectives
	17. Why is Soil Degradation Information Important: How Much Land Is Available? Impact of Human Dominance on Soil, Global and Indonesian Distribution of Soil Degradation, Land Degradation and Agricultural Productivity
	 Forms of Land Degradation: Soil Erosion, Structural Damage Due to Compaction, Inundation/Submergence, Decrease in Soil Fertility,



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	Salinization, Pollution, Vegetation Loss
	19. Land Degradation Assessment: What Are Indicators? Qualitative Assessment of Land Degradation, Quantitative Assessment of Land Degradation
	20. Land Damage Due to Forest Fires: Ecological and Economic Impact of Fire, Peat and its Problems, Recovery of Burnt Soil
	 Watershed Degradation: Watershed Boundaries, Watershed Functions, Watershed Degradation, Forest Functions in Watershed Protection,
	22. Soil and Water Pollution: What is a Pollutant, Types of Pollutants, Agriculture and Soil Pollution, Remediation Principles, Remediation Technology
	 Desertification: Definitions of Desertification, Causes of Desertification, Impact of Desertification, Prevention and Recovery of Desertification
	24. Land Degradation and Agricultural Productivity: Evaluation of the impact of Soil Degradation on Food Security, Footprint of Soil Degradation, Soil Degradation and the Future of Food Security, Policy and Research Priorities
	25. Reclamation of Degraded Land: Definition of Rehabilitation and Reclamation, Why are Rehabilitation and Reclamation Important? What is Land Conservation? Strategies to Overcome Land Degradation
	26. Sustainable Land Management Approach: What is Sustainable Management, Economic Approach, Institutional Approach, Technological Approach.
Examination forms	 4. Write essays 5. Doing practical works 6. Individual Assgnment
Reading List	 Adriano, D.C., J.M. Bollag, W.T. Frankenberger, Jr., & R.C. Sims. 1999. Bioremediation of contaminated soils. Agronomy, Madison, Wisconsin, USA. Goldammer, J.G. 1990. Fire in the tropical biota. Springer-Verlag. New York.
	 van de Born, G.J., B.J. de Haan, D.W. Pearce, & A. Howarth. 2000. Technical report on soil degradation. RIVM, EFTEC, NTUA, and IIASA in association with TME and TNO under contract with the Environment





		Directorate-General of the European Commission
	4.	FAO & ISRIC. 2000. Soveur guidelines for the
		assessment of soil degradation. FAO, Rome Italy.
	5.	Europe Environment: The third assessment.
	6.	Stocking, M. & N. Murnaghan. 2000. Land degradation
		 Guideline for field assessment. UNEP, UNU, PLEC,
		DFIED, ODG/UEA & Ministry of Foreign Affair of the
		Royal Government of Norway.
	7.	Ekha, I. 1993. Dilema pestisida: Revolusi hijau.
		Penerbit Kanisius, Yogyakarta.
	8.	Green, M.B., G.S. Hartley & J.T. West. 1979. Chemical
		for crop protection and pest control. Pergamon Press,
		Ltd., Oxford, England.
	9.	Hartley, G.S. 1964. Pesticide in soil. John Wiley &
		Sons Inc., New York.
	10.	Metting, F.B. 1993. Soil microbial ecology: Applications
		in agricultural and environmental management. Marcel
		Dekker Inc., New York.
	11.	Troeh, F.R., J.A. Hobbs, & R.L. Donahue. 1980. Soil and
		water conservation for productivity and environmental
		protection. Prentice-Hall, New Jersey.
	12.	Dregne, H.E. Desertification of arid lands.
	13.	Glants, M.N. and Orlovsky, N. Desertrification: A
	_	review of the concept.
	14.	Zhendla. Zhu. Trends of desertification and its
		rehabilitation in China.
	15.	William, J., Walker, G.R. and Hatton, T.J. Dryland
		salinization : a challenge for land and water
		management in the Australian landscape.
	16.	FAO. 2001. Guidelines for the gualitative assessment of
		land resources and degradastion
	17.	FAO. 2004. Guiding principles for the quantitative
		assessment of soil degradation.
	18.	WMO, 2005. Climate and Land Degradation.
	19.	Wetland Indonesia, 2015, Pengelolaan Lahan Gambut
		Berbasis Masvarakat di Indonesia
	20	IPS. 2010. Strategy for Responsible Peatland
	-0.	management.
	21.	FAO. 2014. Toward Climate-Responsible Peatlands
		Management.
Date of last amendm	nent 30 I	une 2021



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	Module Designation	Land and Agrarian Law
	Semester (s) in which the	7th semester/Fourth year
	module is taught	
	Person responsible for the	Dr. Ir. Dwi Setyawan, M.Sc
	module	Prof. Dr. M. Edi Armanto
C		Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Flective course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning. Cooperative learning
)	Workload (incl. Contact	lectures = 1400
	hours. self-studyhours)	structured assignment =1440
		self-study = 1440
J		exam = 220
		total : 4500 minutes = 75 hours = 3 ects
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and recommended	-
	module	
	Module	1. Students are expected to have an
F	objectives/intended	understanding and be able to:
	learningoutcomes	2. Understanding the importance of land lawin the
	C C	lives of individuals, society, nation and state;
		3. Understand the importance of knowing the
4		applicable land law in the period before and after
		independence as well as in the present;
		4. Knowing the general concept of agrarian law
Λ		and understanding the principles and concepts
		as well as knowing the sources of agrarian law;
		5. Knowing land rights according to law and the
		UUPA and how to obtain them for eachland
N		right, and being able to behave and apply as
		citizens in daily life;
		6. Understanding the concept of the state and the
		principle of land reform, as well as knowing and
		understanding the provisions of alternative land
		for maximum and minimum land limits
3		7. Understand land problems/conflicts and beable
		to find the background of land
		problems/conflicts that occur in the
)		surrounding community.
	Content	1. The definition and scope of land law, both in the
		curriculum and in land law science;
D		2. History of Land through the search for Land Politics, namely during the period of systematy
		law communities, kingdoms and colonialism (the

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Μ		Netherlands and Japan) and the efforts made after AgrarianReform 3. Positive Agrarian Law includes an overview, principles, concepts and sourcesof Agrarian law
ο		 Land rights according to the history of Agrarian law and UUPA Land reform and absente land as well as
D		minimum and maximum land limits 6. Registration of Land Rights 7. Land issues/conflicts
U	Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper
L.	Reading List	 Boedi Harsono. Hukum Agraria Indonesia: Sejarah dan Pembentukan Undang- Undang danpenjelannya Saleh Adiwinata, Hukum Perdatadan
E		Tanah, buku I & II 3. G.Kartasapoetra. Hak-hak dan Jaminan Atas tanah 4. Irawan Soerodjo, Kepastian HukumAtas
н		Tanah 5. AP. Parlindungan, PendaftaranTanah di Indonesia 6. Karl L. Polzon, Songkota Agraria
Α	Date of last amondmost	 7. Noer Fauzi, Otoda dan sengketa Tanah 20 June 2021
	Date of last amendment	30 June 2021





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Module Designation	PTN 47615 Soil Organic Matter Management
Semester (s) in which the module	7 th semester/4 th year
is taught	
Person responsible for the module	1. Prof. Dr. Ir. Dedik Budianta, MS
	2. Dr. Ir. A. Napoleon, MP
Language	Indonesian
Relation to curriculum	Optional/elective Course
Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and
	assignment
Workload (incl. Contact hours,	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week
self-study hours)	consisted of 100 minutes for Contact Study; 120
	minutes for structured academic assignment and
	120 minutes for self-study per week
Credit points	2 credits
Required and recommended	-
prerequisite for joining the	
module	
Module objectives/intended	1. Students are able to explain what is the soil
learning outcomes	organic matter
	2. Students are able to explain the function of
	soil organic matter for soil improvement
	3. Students are able to explain the tharacteristic
	A Students are able to evaluate the function of
	4. Students are able to explain the function of
	5 Student as able to explain the role of organi
	5. Student ac able to explain the role of organic
	6 Students are able to explain the soil organic
	matter decomposition
	7. Students are able to explain the factors
	inhibiting organic matter decomposition
	8. Students are able to explain the soil organic
	matter transformation
	9. Students know the source of soil organic
	matter
	10. Students are able to explain about Humus
	forming and characterization
	11. Students are able to explain about dynamic of
	soil organic mater
	12. Students know the role of organic matter for
	chelating agent
	13. Students are able to explain the efforts to



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	supply organic matter
Content (14 meetings) and two examinations	 Introduction and definition of soil organic matter Characteristic and properties of soil organic matter Function of soil organic matter for soil improvement The role of organic matter for plant growth Organic matter for nutrient sources The source of soil organic matter Decomposition process of organic matter Factors inhibiting organic matter decomposition Soil organic matter transformation Humus forming and characterization Dynamic of soil organic mater Functional groups for chelating process Efforts to supply organic matter
Examination forms	 Essays questions Writing paper
Reading List	 Stevenson, F.J. 1994. Humus Chemistry:Gensis, composition and reaction. 2nd edition. Wiley.
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021





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	Module Designation	PTN 47715 Land Resource and Environmental
R /		Managment
IVI	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 th semester/4 th year
	Person responsible for the	1. Sabaruddin, Ph.D.
0	module	2. Dr. Warsito
	Language	Indonesian
	Relation to curriculum	Optional Course
D	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning
	Workload (incl. Contact	5 hours and 40 minutes of total workload: 100 minutes for
	hours, self-study hours)	Contact Study; 120 minutes for structured academic
U		assignment and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	2 credits
	Required and	-
	recommended prerequisite	
	for joining the module	
	Module	1. Students are expected to understand the scope of
F .	objectives/intended	Natural Resources and Environment, Management
	learning outcomes	Definitions, Classification of Natural Resources, Why
		Natural Resources are Important,
		2. Students are expected to understand the Central
н		Issue in Natural Resource Management: Can Natural
••		Resources be Managed? Human Dominance over
		Natural Resources, Resource Flows,
Λ		3. Students are expected to understand the Impact of
A		Human Domination on Natural Resources, What is
		the role of Natural Resource Management? Natural
NI		Resources Management System (System Approach,
N		Institutional Framework),
		4. Students are expected to understand the Sustainable
		Constraints and Issues, Framework Structure
U		Constraints and Issues, Framework Structure, Monitoring and Evaluation Framework, Monitoring
		and Evaluation Indicators
		5 Students are expected to understand the Causes of
В		5. Students are expected to understand the causes of Environmental Problems: Natural Events, Population
		Growth Over-exploitation of Natural Resources
		Industrialization and Transportation Solid Liquid
0		and Gas Waste
		6 Students are expected to understand about the
		Studying Alternatives: Different Perspectives Can
0		Affect the Study Renefit-Cost Analysis Impact
		Analysis Techniques, EIA in Indonesia

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7. Students are expected to understand the Local
Knowledge System: What is Local Knowledge, Co-
management, Local Knowledge for Natural Resources
Management,
8. Students are expected to understand the Complexity,
Uncertainty and Shock: Shock, Chaos, Managing
Changes, Complexity and Uncertainty, Various
Approaches to Conflict Resolution, Alternative
Conflict Resolution, Conditions for Conflict
Resolution, Implementation of Alternative Conflict
Resolution,
9. Students are expected to understand the Forest
Resources: Forest Functions and Formation, Causes
of Forest Degradation, Impact of Forest Degradation,
Management of Degraded Forest,
10. Students are expected to understand the Land
Resources: Conservation of Land Productivity
Through Land Management, Land Carrying Capacity,
Land for Agriculture, Land Degradation,
11. Students are expected to understand the Water
Resources: Water for Life, Water Classification and
Designation, Water Quality Parameters, Water
Pollution Control,
12. Students are expected to understand the
Atmosphere: Air Pollution Sources, Global
Environmental Problems.







1.	Introduction: Syllabus Explanation, What are Natural
	Resources and Environment, Management
	Definitions, Classification of Natural Resources, Why
	Natural Resources are Important,
2.	Central Issue in Natural Resource Management: Can
	Natural Resources be Managed? Human Dominance
	over Natural Resources, Resource Flows,
3.	Impact of Human Domination on Natural Resources,
	What is the role of Natural Resource Management?
	Natural Resources Management System (System
	Approach, Institutional Framework),
4.	Sustainable Natural Resource Management:
	Sustainability Constraints and Issues, Framework
	Structure, Monitoring and Evaluation Framework,
	Monitoring and Evaluation Indicators,
5.	Causes of Environmental Problems: Natural Events,
	Population Growth, Over-exploitation of Natural
	Resources, Industrialization and Transportation,
	Solid, Liquid, and Gas Waste,
6.	Studying Alternatives: Different Perspectives Can
	Affect the Study, Benefit-Cost Analysis, Impact
	Analysis Techniques, EIA in Indonesia,
7.	Local Knowledge System: What is Local Knowledge,
	Co-management, Local Knowledge for Natural
	Resources Management,
8.	Complexity, Uncertainty and Shock: Shock, Chaos,
	Managing Changes, Complexity and Uncertainty,
	Various Approaches to Conflict Resolution,
	Alternative Conflict Resolution, Conditions for
	Conflict Resolution, Implementation of Alternative
	Conflict Resolution,
9.	Forest Resources: Forest Functions and Formation,
	Causes of Forest Degradation, Impact of Forest
10	Degradation, Management of Degraded Forest,
10	. Land Resources: Conservation of Land Productivity
	Inrough Land Management, Land Carrying Capacity,
	Land for Agriculture, Land Degradation,
	. Water Resources: Water for Life, Water Classification
	and Designation, water Quality Parameters, water
17	Pollution Control, Atmosphere: Air Dollution Sources, Clobal
12	. Autiosphere: Air Pollution Sources, Global
	Crono Layor Damago), Important Air Quality
	Ozone Layer Damage), important Air Quality
	Parameters.





Examination forms

Date of last amendment

Reading List

1. Write essays
2. Assignment
3. Examination
Carroll, B. and Turpin T. 2009. Environmental impact
assessment handbook, Second edition. Thomas Telford
Ltd, ISBN 978-0-7277- 3509-6.
Chafid Fandeli. 2011. Analisis Mengenai Dampak
Lingkungan Pembangunan Pelabuhan. 979-420-760-8.
Penerbit GMUP.
Chafid fandeli. 1995. Analisis mengenai dampak lingkungan
prinsip dasar dan pemapanannya dalam

pembangunan. Penerbit : liberty. offset. Yogyakarta .

Edisi : 2, cet.1. Kolasi : xvii, 365 hlm, ilus, 23 cm. Ditjen Pengembangan Perkotaan. 2000. Analisis Dampak

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and Participation". Second edition, Oxford.

Lingkungan. Penerbit Ditjen Kotdes.

30 July 2021



	Module Designation	Community Service Program
Μ	Code	UNI 40109
0	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	6 rd semester/3 nd year
	Person responsible for the module	Academic Committee of Plant Protection Study
D	Language Relation to curriculum Teaching methods	Indonesian Compulsory Course Project-Based Learning
U	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	Lectures = 200 minutes Practicum = 5100minutes Structured assignment = 720 minutes
L	Cradit points	Self-study = 720 minutes Exam = 220 minutes Total: 6960 minutes = 116 hours = 4.64 ECTS
E	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	
н	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Debriefing for students at KKN. KKN students are introduced to the neighborhood where KKN is located.
Α		 Research the village's potential as a site for the KKN Village in order to create a work schedule. Schedule tasks or activities, including general and professional programs (professional programs are
N		programs carried out according to the study program of students who take part in community service and general programs are programs that are carried out together outside the professional program).
D		 Seminars that are held to assist KKN initiatives, includingboth specialized and general initiatives. Greate a schedule of preferrienal and general work
B		programs.7. Execution of tasks in accordance with professional
0		 and general work programs. 8. Evaluation of activities carried out during KKN both professional programs and general programs. 9. Preparation of Community Service Reports
0	Content	10. Reviewing and gathering of reports.
		service locations, professional and general
	professional programs and report generation. 2. Introduction of community service students to th community, community leaders and village officials.	
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	 Assessing the potential of the village to suppo professional program activities and gener programs. 	
	 4. Arrange professional program activities that an tailored to the community service student stud program and general programs carried out jointly b groups of KKN students. 	
	 Seminars are held by inviting speakers depending of therequest of the community at the KKN location. Prepare a plan of activities carried out during KKN for the KKN in the second second	
	all KKN students, both professional programs an general programs. 7. Carry out activities that have been arrange according to professional programs and gener	
	programs. 8. Evaluation of activities carried out and profession programs and general programs.	
	 9. Preparation of KKN reports in accordance with th activities carried out with the field supervisor. 5. Report consultation, report improvement and K report collection. 	
Examination forms	1. Field activity 2. Reports	
Reading list	 Suparman. 2017. Scientific Paper Writing Guide- Book.Faculty of Agriculture, Sriwijaya University. 90 	
	 P. 2. Final Academic Completion Guidance. Department ofPlant Protection. Faculty of Agriculture, Sriwijaya University. 23 p. 	
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021	

K



	Module Designation	Field Practice
Μ	Code	PER 49209
0	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 th semester/4 th year
Π	Person responsible for the module	Advisor Lecturer
	Language	Indonesian
U	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
	Teaching methods	Contextual Learning, Cooperative learning and assignment
L	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	8 hours and 40 minutes of total workload/week consisted of 100 minutes for Contact Study; 180 minutes for laboratory practice, 120 minutes for structured academic assignment
F		and 120 minutes for self-study per week
	Credit points	3 credits
н	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	Passed PER 31116
A	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Capable to understand the problems of plant cultivation in the field. Capable to analyze data and information on plant
N		cultivation well.3. Capable to make the right decisions for solving plant cultivation problems.
D		 4. Capable to carry out plant cultivation practices based on scientific knowledge. 5. Capable to work with teams that have backgrounds in
В		 various related disciplines. 6. Capable to conduct studies to generate specific plant
		cultivation ideas or recommendations.
0		 Capable to think analytically and synthetically to respond the plant cultivation problems that arise from time to time in the field.
0		8. Capable to adapt physically to environmental conditions in the field.

145





Content 1. Choose of field practice crop commodities (annuor perennial crops). 2. Get the location of field practice activities (agricultural/plantation institutions, agro-indust companies, agrochemical companies, or the locater certain plant cultivation). 3. Choose the aspects of plant cultivation that will the topic of field practice activities. 4. Preparation of proposals for the implementation practice activities. 5. Collect early data and information related to the field practice activities. 6. Conducting interviews with competent respond the topic of field practice activities. 7. Following hands-on practice in the field regardin topic of field practice activities. 8. Collect and analyze data and information, interv results, and documentation of field practice activities. 9. Preparation of reports on field practice activities in 0. Completion of field practice activities. 9. Collect and analyze data and information, interv results, and documentation of field practice activities. 9. Collect and analyze data and information, interv results, and documentation of field practice activities. 9. Conpletion of field practice activities. 9. Completion of field practice activities. 9. Preparation of reports on field practice activities. 9. Completion of field practice activities. 9. Completion of field practice activities. 9. Oral presentation 9. Pretical works 9. Writin	ial crops,
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Agronomy. Kalyani Publishers. 348 p.	
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Μ 0 D U L Ε Η Α Ν D В 0 0 K

ATTEN ALAY PERCANDING	
	 Farming System and Sustainable Agriculture. Department of Agronomy, College of Agriculture, CSK HPKV, Palampur, India. 82 p. 8. Vero, S. E. 2021. Fieldwork Ready, An Introductory Guide to Field Research for Agriculture, Environment, and Soil Scientists. Wiley. 272 p.
Date of last amendment	30 June 2021



	Module Designation	Research Project	
ŊЛ	Code	PER 49209	
IVI	Semester (s) in which the	7 th semester/4 th year	
	module is taught		
\mathbf{O}	Person responsible for the	Academic Committee of Soil Science Study Program	
U	module		
	Language	Indonesian	
D	Teaching methods	Project-Based Learning	
	Workload (incl. Contact hours,	Practical works: 24480 minutes =408 hours	
	self-	Equal to 16.32 ECTS	
U	study hours)	Consolite	
	Required and recommended		
	prerequisite for joining the		
L	module		
	Module	1. Students will understand concepts and apply methods	
_	objectives/intended	of researches in Soil Science Study Program and	
E	learningoutcomes	acknowledge them in a thesis proposal.	
		2. Students will able to present a research plan in a	
		study program committee.	
н		3 Students will able to perform independence research	
•••		in the laboratory and fields experiments	
Α		4. Students will able to analyze experiment data and	
		write the results in a seminar paper and thesis.	
		5. Students will able to develop the effective	
Ν		communicative skills to present a final research	
		seminar in a study program committee.	
		6 Student will able to write and produce a thesis	
D		6. Student will able to write and produce a triesis	
		according to the thesis university format and fulle.	
D		7. Students will able to effectively present and defend	
D		the thesis orally in a defense thesis meeting.	
	Contont	1. Writing the thesis proposal based on concepts and	
0	Content	various research techniques in Soil Science Study	
		Program under guidance of the supervisors.	
0		2. Preparing a presentation under guidance of the	
		supervisors and presenting the thesis proposal.	

ASIIN	
AJIIN	TANU ALAT PENGABUHAT

Μ		3.	Performing the independence research on pSoil Science Study Program in the laboratory and fields under guidance of the supervisors.
0		4.	Analyzing the experiment data and write the results in a seminar paper and thesis under guidance of the supervisors.
D		5.	Presenting a final research seminar using the effective communicative skills to present in a study program committee.
U		6.	Writing the thesis according to the thesis university format and rule under guidance of the supervisors.
L		7.	Presenting and defending thesis orally in a defense thesis meeting.
	Examination forms	1.	Thesis assessment
E	Reading list	1.	Suparman. 2017. Scientific Paper Writing Guide- Book. Faculty of Agriculture, SriwijayaUniversity. 90 p.
Η		2.	Final Academic Completion Guidance. Department of Soil Science. Faculty of Agriculture, Sriwijaya University. 23 p.
A	Date of last amendment	10 Ok	tober 2021





	Module Designation	Seminar
Μ	Code	PER 49309
0	Semester (s) in which the module is taught	7 th semester/4 th year
	Person responsible for the module	Supervisor
U	Language	Indonesian
	Type of teaching	Presentation based on research
U	Relation to curriculum	Compulsory Course
L	Workload (incl. Contact hours, self-study hours)	Writing and discussion = 4080 minutes = 68 hours = 2.72 ECTS
	Credit points	1 credits
E	Required and recommended prerequisite for joining the module	Passed PER 31116
H	Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Students will be able to prepare information sources, such as articles, textbooks, and proceedings, in Soil Science which correlate for research writing paper
Α		 Students will be able to collect information from sources.
Ν		3. Students will be able to compile raw data prior to data analysis
D		 Students will be able to order raw data obtained from the research they conduct.
B		 Students will be able to figure out statistical method based on design they use.
		6. Students will be able to analyze data
0		7. Students will be able to interpret data
0		8. Students will be able to figure out interpreted data and to couple those data with knowledge they know
		9. Students will be able to conclude information and
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Reading list

Date of last amendment

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	statement.
	10. Students will be able to give suggestion for next researcher for further experiment
	11. Students will be able to obtain new paradigm and to improve their understanding from discussion with supervisor.
Content	 Information sources, e.g. articles, textbooks, and proceedings.
	2. Collecting Information
	3. Compiling Raw Data
	4. Organizing Raw data
	5. Design for research
	6. Data analysis
	7. Data interpretation
	8. Figuring out and coupling data
	9. Writing conclusion
	10. Proposing suggestion
	11. Discussing with supervisor on paper draft written

1. Suparman SHK. Main Author, 2017. Scientific

Writing Guidebook. Faculty of Agriculture,

Agriculture, Universitas Sriwijaya, Indralaya.

Guidelines. Soil Science Study Program, Faculty of

2. Anonymous 2017. Final Project Procedure

Universitas Sriwijaya, Indralaya.

10 Oktober 2021













